THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Times.

VOL. 19 — VICTORIA B. C., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1894. — No. 212

BLANCO, ...
Produces on Shoes, Military Equipments, Etc., a purer and more lasting whiteness, with less labor than any similar preparation.
C. E. JONES, - - - Chemist,
138 Government Street.
ALWAYS OPEN.

NOTICE.....

We are selling DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOCKS and all kinds of Jewelry at prices away below anything seen in the city before.

Fine lines of NEW GOODS constantly arriving, and everything guaranteed.

Our Manufacturing Department is the finest operated in the province, and all kinds of Repairing and Manufacturing is at Rock Bottom Prices.

Challoner & Mitchell,
47 Government Street.

THAT NEW DRESS

THERE was a gruff fellow once, who said that he never had to consult either the almanac or the weather to know that Fall was approaching. The clamor of the females of his family for new raiment was sign enough.

In deference to their demand, we have brought on the first installment of the new season fabrics, and invite the ladies to see them. We say nothing about the men. They can have the floor for a few remarks when the parcel comes C. O. D. Just now, silence with them is like the opportunity we present—golden.

THE NEWEST CREATIONS.

Showden and Cheviot Tweeds
These goods are all wool 54 in. wide, stylish, and in nice autumn shades. They are first class value at 75c, 90c, $1.00, $1.10, $1.15, $1.25 per yard.

Serges and Diagonals
We have just opened a choice assortment, prices ranging from 50c to $1.25. We call special attention, however, to the 75c quality.

Aberdeen Tweeds
Beaky 88stch Heather Mixtures 42 inches wide, very serviceable, at 50c.

Amazon and Habit Twills
Strong, useful and cheap, at 35c.
We invite your personal inspection.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

WESTSIDE, August 21st, 1894.

?

Our usual large and well-kept stock of Suitings, Trouserings and Overcoatings has lately been augmented by the arrival of Shipment No. 1 of our fall order.

Our Prices in all These Lines Have Been Greatly Reduced.

We use good, honest Trimmings. We produce High Class Garments, which fit the person and the purse.

Now, if you are in need of Clothing, will it not pay you to consider the advisability of giving us a call.

A. GREGG & SON,
Merchant Tailors,
Yates Street.

?

C. H. STICKELS . . . .
ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.
CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .
Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., LTD.,
. . . . QUOTE AS FOLLOWS . . . .
Delivered to any part of the City.

Wheat	$2 20 per sack	Oats	$2 30 per sack
Bran	90 " "	Mixed feed	1 00 " "
Shorts	1 00 " "	Ground	1 10 " "

Our feed is manufactured fresh every day and is superior to the imported article. Patronize home industry by using our goods. TERMS—Net cash with order.

GOLDMAN,
The Toronto Tailor
Wishes to announce to the general public that he has opened a Merchant Tailoring establishment at 46 Yates street. His stock consists of the latest importation of Woolens in the most fashionable designs. Prices to be a revelation to people of Victoria. Fit and workmanship guaranteed or money refunded. People desiring to have suits made up of their own cloth will find this the cheapest place in the city.

Suits from $12 up.
Pants from $2.50 up.

Including trimmings. None but white labor employed.
Please note the address.
GOLDMAN, The Toronto Tailor,
aug 29-1m 46 Yates Street.

NOTICE.

Monday, September 3rd, being a statutory holiday, the Municipal Offices will be closed on that day.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.
Victoria, B. C., Aug. 30, 1894.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PUBLIC MEETING.

The Victoria Water Supply!

The public meeting on Tuesday, 4th September, to discuss the proposed by-law and the matter of the city water supply generally, will in accordance with general desire be held in the City Hall at 8 p.m. instead of at the Board of Trade building as previously announced.

THE EDITOR "THE PROVINCE."
(Colonist copy.)

FOR SALE
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

A new residence facing the Victoria Arm, 200 feet water frontage, unsurpassed view of the City of Victoria and Olympian range in the back ground; entrance from the Gorge Road; two and a half acres of land; House containing panelled vestibule, beautifully finished hall, handsome staircase, double Drawing Room with two fireplaces, Dining Room, Smoking Room, six Bed Rooms, Bath Room, W. C. and Lavatory on each floor, large attic, spacious cellar with stone walls, brick foundation, electric light, electric bells, &c., &c.
Price, $10,500. Terms can be arranged to suit the purchaser. Apply to
J. GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect, P. O. Box 362.
39 1-2 Government Street, Victoria.

EXPLORING LABRADOR.

The Geological Survey Party Returns From the North-eastern Wilds.

What the Expedition Succeeded in Discovering—Inland Water Ways.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Messrs. Lowe and Eaton of the Geological Survey of Canada, and four Indians, reached here yesterday on their way home to Ottawa from a journey of fifteen months through the interior of the Labrador peninsula. A brief outline of their trip from Lake St. John to Ungava Bay in the extreme north, which connects with Hudson Strait, has already appeared, based upon personal letters from the explorers. They have filled in their story with the record of their discoveries. Early in the year the expedition left Eskimo Bay, Hamilton Inlet, to cross the interior of Labrador. Mr. Lowe travelled 500 miles in dog sleighs making explorations. About March 1st the whole party commenced the ascent of Hamilton River. Six or eight Eskimo half-breeds were engaged to assist in hauling the provisions, but were dispensed with after a fortnight. Up to about the 19th of May the explorers ascended the river in sleighs, then the ice gave way and the progress of the party was rendered extremely dangerous by reason of the large masses of needle-shaped ice which met the canoes. One canoe upset and two of the Indians were in the water for nearly half an hour. The great falls of the Hamilton River were reached before the ice went out and many beautiful photographs were obtained from all points. No previous parties could have had a full view of the falls as only when the river is frozen can they be approached within five miles. The river has a total fall of 800 feet. In the centre of the falls there is a sheer vertical fall of 300 feet. The river is about as large as the Ottawa. In a quarter of a mile there is a rise of 700 feet in the portage leading to the head of the falls. The cataract is confined within walls 500 to 800 feet in height and perfectly vertical. In places below the falls the canyon narrows to from 20 to 50 feet in width, through which the rush of water is tremendous. Near the foot of the falls Lowe's party found the remains of the boat, the burning of which by the carelessly left remains of a camp fire, inflicted such misery upon the members of the Bowdoin College party. The records of that expedition were discovered in a bottle above the falls and Mr. Lowe added to them those of his party. The canyon is gradually eating its way back and the glacial period has left undoubted marks on the face of the country. Lake Mickinaw was found by Mr. Lowe to be as large or larger than Lake Mistassini. It is at least one hundred miles long, not filled with islands like Mistassini and with a much greater width. The dotted lines that purport to represent it on existing maps place it 50 miles away from its actual position. The whole of this northern country is a network of waterways. Mr. Lowe complains of the difficulty of keeping the road through it. When the river is ascending it leads into a large lake and it is often difficult to find the way out again by the inlets. Several lakes larger than Lake St. John were found in the northeast. Fish in these northern waters are exceedingly plentiful and include large white fish, lake and brook trout, and red and white carp. At Nattka sea trout up to 14 pounds were taken. The explorers have brought back with them a large collection of birds, insects and plants, a large lot of beautiful Labrador ore and specimens of iron ore, which corresponds with that of Marquetta very much and is of immense extent. This iron-bearing formation extends from latitude 50 degrees to Ungava, covering a tract of land 300 by 200 miles in extent. Immense herds of caribou cross the northern river in late autumn usually furnishing ample food supply to the Indians, who slaughter them by thousands. The entire absence last year, which caused the death by starvation of hundreds of Indians, is supposed by some of the aborigines to have been caused by polluted atmosphere, due to the number of carcases left to decay in the previous season.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—A general servant at once in small family. Apply 59 Government St. s1-tf

WANTED—A good servant for a small family. Apply 247 Yates street. s1-2t

Exchange to-night for something to read. Novels sold at half-price; exchanged for 5 cents each.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.

The 40th Drawing for an Appropriation in connection with the above society will be held at Sir William Wallace Hall, Broad street (opposite View) on Saturday, 8th September, 1894, at 8 p.m.
See that your shares are in good standing.
By order,
A. ST. G. FLINT,
Secretary.

NOTICE

The Esquimalt & Nanaimo Railway Co'y.

The annual general meeting of the shareholders of this company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the third day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.
Dated Victoria, September 1st, 1894.
CHAS. E. POOLEY,
Secretary.
S1-td

NOTICE

The Union Colliery Company of British Columbia, Limited Liability.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the company will be held at the company's office, Victoria, on Wednesday, the third day of October next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.
Dated Victoria, September 1st, 1894.
CHAS E. POOLEY,
Secretary.
S1-td

QUEBEC NOT LIABLE.

Arbitrators Decided in Favor of the Province Against the Dominion.

Quebec, Sept. 1.—Arbitrators in connection with the disputed accounts between the Dominion and Ontario and Quebec, Judges Boyd, Casault and Burbidge, met here yesterday and rendered their award in the matter of the claim of the Dominion against the province of Quebec in connection with the Montreal Turnpike Trust. The Dominion claimed the province of Quebec was liable for the outstanding debentures of the trust and arrears of interest. The amount up to date is over $300,000. The arbitrators decided that the province is not liable.

BURNED TO DEATH.

Chief Justice Ellis, of Jamaica, Victim of a Horrible Accident.

Halifax, N. S., Sept. 1.—Kingston, Jamaica, advices say: "The community was startled by a rumor that Sir Adam Ellis, chief justice of the colony, had been burned to death. The intelligence proved to be true. His honor, who had been in delicate health for some time past, rose early on the morning of August 16th and while standing at his toilet table, his night dress became accidentally ignited. Before he succeeded in putting out the flames, he was burned about the upper part of the body. His shouts awakened his servant, who with his valet was soon on the spot. His honor, who had lapsed into unconsciousness shortly after the terrible event, passed away in that state. He died a few hours later."

ATTACK ON PORT ARTHUR.

Japanese Massing Their Forces For a Fight That Should be Decisive.

Result of Yesterday's Engagement Not Yet Known—China on the Defensive.

London, Sept. 1.—Central News Shanghai advices received this morning say the result of the attack upon Port Arthur is not positively known. It is reported that 4500 Japanese troops were landed and they with 14 war vessels took part in the attack. The Chinese government has issued orders for 5000 troops and fleet to proceed to Port Arthur and attack the Japanese. Eleven Japanese transports convoyed by five warships, have landed six thousand men and 500 horses at Chemulpo, whence the entire force marched northward. Thirty thousand Japanese troops in Corea are marching northward. The Emperor of China has ordered four native banks to provide the government with ten million taels to be used in prosecuting the war. It was expected that a decisive battle would be fought yesterday but no news of an engagement has yet been received.

SALVADOR'S WITNESSES.

They Do not Arrive to Testify Against Ezeta.

San Francisco, Sept. 1.—It was expected that the Pacific Mail steamship Acapulco, from Panama and way ports, would bring a number of witnesses against Antonio Ezeta and his companions but there was not a single passenger from Salvador. The steamer did not touch at La Libertad where the fever is raging but she put in at La Union and Acajutla and other ports of Salvador. Had any passengers intended coming from the capital of Salvador they would have embarked at Acajutla from which port the railroad runs to Salvador. The steamer brought no late news concerning the epidemic of Pernicosia which has been spreading through the country for the past several months. The disease may have prevented the government's witnesses from leaving Salvador.

K OF P. PRIZE DRILL.

First Prize Won by Hastings, Michigan, Division.

Washington, Sept. 1.—Hastings division, Hastings, Mich., won the first prize of $1500 and a jewel for each member in the Knights of Pythias prize drill.

MATERIAL FOR MISS WELLS.

Six Negroes Shot to Death for Barn Burning.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 1.—Six negro men, Dan Hawkins, R. Haines, W. Miller, E. Hole, J. Hayes, and G. White, were taken from the custody of Detective W. C. Richardson, near Millington, a small village on the Chesapeake, Ohio and Southwestern railway, thirty miles north of Memphis, and shot to death last night at 11 o'clock. The negroes were arrested by Richardson on a charge of being implicated in a series of barn burnings which have occurred in that neighborhood for years. Already half a dozen of the band, which was welded by an oath, have been landed in the penitentiary and it was thought that the outrages were at an end, but some time ago the fair grounds building at Kerrville, was destroyed and the outrage was attributed to the same crew.

Attention.

Account Grand Encampment G. A. R., Pittsburg, Pa., September 8th, the Northern Pacific railroad will sell round trip tickets at $65. Tickets on sale September 1st, 2nd and 3rd. Return limit west of St. Paul, 60 days from date of sale. East of St. Paul, September 23. Full information at city ticket office, E. E. Blackwood, general agent, Victoria, B. C.

AMERICAN DISPATCHES.

Chauncey Depew Would Not Accept the Republican Nomination.

Some of the Unusual Events of the Last Twenty-Four Hours.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Sept. 1.—The Chicago & West Michigan passenger train No. 5, north bound, which left here this morning, ran into a herd of cattle near Brookings, 63 miles north. The engine, baggage car and one coach were derailed. The fireman, John Kube, was killed by being crushed under the engine. A lady passenger was slightly hurt but no others were injured.

New York, Sept. 1.—The Herald's Hamburg cable says: "As there has been some talk about nominating Mr. Chauncey Depew as the Republican candidate in the next presidential election in the United States, it may be interesting to know that Mr. Depew, who returned here yesterday from Paris, has said that he would decline any such nomination in the future as he had hitherto declined it in the past."

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Three exceptionally well dressed men entered the office of a picture frame factory just a block north of the Maxwell street police station at noon yesterday. Isaac Stottberg, the office boy, was alone. He hastened to meet them, believing them to be customers. Two of the men placed revolvers at Isaac's head. "If you cry, off goes that red head of yours", said one. "Now, where is the money kept, quick?" cried the third robber. Isaac pointed to the safe. The robbers got a box containing $125 and $1400 worth of diamonds.

Lexington, Ky., Sept. 1.—Joseph Gum, of Fincastle, Wolf County, went to work in his cornfield yesterday, leaving his three-year-old child in care of its 16-year-old cousin, Henry Gum. Becoming tired of the charge which kept him from play, the boy beat out the little one's brains with a club and threw the body in a creek.

Polland, Ind., Sept. 1.—William and Richard McCriff, who are thought to be the oldest twins in the United States, celebrated their 90th birthday here today.

Memphis, Tenn., Sept. 1.—J. R. Bay was arrested here yesterday and will be taken to Little Rock to answer four indictments charging him with the larceny of $100,000 of state scrip. Bay formerly stood high at Little Rock. For eight years he served Pulaski county as clerk of the circuit court and recorder of deeds. He was an expert accountant. In 1891, when it became known that Woodruff, the state treasurer of Arkansas, was short several hundred thousand dollars Bay was called in as an expert to straighten out the accounts of the office. He had not been at work long when it was discovered that more scrip to the amount of $100,000 was gone. Bay was accused of stealing it but was released after an examination. Later it was learned that $5000 of the scrip had been hypothecated in a Chicago bank, $5000 in Louisville and other amounts aggregating $140,000 elsewhere. It is not known whether the hypothecations were traced to Bay but he was indicted. When the officers went to arrest him he had left the city. That was two years ago and he was not heard from until yesterday when a Little Rock officer placed him under arrest. He declares that he did not run away but has been with his family at Hot Springs.

J. V. Delaveaga, the capitalist, who died recently, left an estate valued at about one million dollars, which as provided in the will, is to be devoted to the construction and maintenance of a hospital at Santa Cruz for the deaf, dumb and the blind.

Nashville, Tenn., Sept. 1.—Six negro barn burners were taken from the custody of officers at Millington this morning and shot to death.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT.

Putney Vye Seriously Wounded While Out Hunting This Morning.

Putney Vye, a boy living with his parents near Jubilee Hospital, was shot and seriously wounded this morning by the accidental discharge of a shot gun. The wound is in his shoulder and it is presumed that he was leaning on the gun when it was discharged, but just how the accident happened is not known. The boy had been out hunting beyond the hospital. He was taken to the hospital for treatment and Dr. Richardson dressed the wound. The boy had lost considerable blood and he was for a time unconscious. It was stated this afternoon by the attendants at the hospital that the wound was a very serious one, and the results of it could not as yet be foretold.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

Several Drowning Accidents in Eastern Waters.

Toronto, Sept. 1.—A little child of W. D. Morris, living at 196 Cartawa avenue, while playing with matches set fire to its clothing and was badly burned before the flames were extinguished. The child's mother was also severely burned.

Port Colborne, Sept. 1.—The body of young Eddie Longgraft came ashore at Shisler's Point, about four miles off this village last night. He was drowned last Sunday from the capsizing of his sail boat.

A sad accident occurred a few days ago at St. Charles Rapids. Three persons, Messrs. Maxime Duperre, Thomas Gauthier, son of Mr. Joseph Gauthier, and Edward Laroche, the latter of whom is married and has a child, were crossing the Saguenay, accompanied by two oxen tied together with a yoke, when suddenly the animals climbed upon the side of the ferry and upset it. The two latter named were drowned and their bodies were almost immediately recovered.

LABOR COMMISSION.

American Protective Association Had a Hand in the Strike.

Chicago, Aug. 31.—Contrary to expectation, rebuttal testimony was heard yesterday by the strike commission. S. C. Wade, an employee of the legal department of the Rock Island Road, said that much of the blockading of the railroad tracks was the work of experienced railroad men.

W. R. Mooney, a Northern Pacific switchman of Blue Island, said Debs and Howard had not advised the men to strike. They had told the men to use their own judgment. He was discharged for alleged activity in the strike. The witness told of the fight at Blue Island, June 30, when 400 marshals stood by as saw Chief Logan beaten by the crowd.

W. F. Guion, a reporter, was next called. He went over the incidents of the strik at Blue Island, Fordham and Pullman. He saw the cars burning at Burnside. He found only three railroad men in the nearest crowd, which was three blocks away. The railroad men were trying to disperse the crowd. One of these men said the instructions from the American Railroad Union were to drive away all persons who might be inclined to damage property, and if they would not go to cause their arrest. Debs and Howard afterwards asked the witness if he could help the order and cause the arrest of the men engaged in violence, but he told them he was not a detective.

Vice-President Howard, of the American Railway Union, was again called to the stand. He denied that he had advised violence, and declared that he had always counseled moderation and denounced lawlessness. His only remark of an "incendiary" character, he said, was the advice he had given the men to use coupling pins on A. P. A. representatives or any other class who might endeavor to stir up trouble in the union on a basis of difference of religion. He denounced the A. P. A., and explained how its emissaries had frequently endeavored to foment dissensions in labor organizations on account of religion. He then suggested that the following questions should be put to the general managers, one of whom he supposed would take the stand this afternoon:

"Did the strike at any time interfere with your carrying mails, if Pullman cars were not attached to the same train? Could you not at all times transport the mails without interruption, if you had not insisted upon attaching Pullman cars to the same train? Was your contract with the government any less binding upon you than your contract with the Pullman company, or was one contract in any sese dependent upon the other? Did your company have a contract with the government to transport the mails? Was your contract dependent upon your ability to transport Pullman cars? Did your contract with the Pullman company provide that you should not carry the mails unless you took Pullman cars on the same train?"

Commissioner Kernan did not know that the commission would have an opportunity to put these questions, but they were allowed to go on record. Howard also desired an investigation of Pullman's reported statement that the general managers had threatened to boycott him if he consented to arbitration with the American Railway Union. He further said the union would show, by the testimony of Mayor Hopkins, that the American Railway Union had been more active than the general managers in securing the arrest of persons engaged in violence.

Mayor Hopkins testified at some length regarding the attitude of the police during the strike. He declared that they had done their duty at all times. He acknowledged that he was in sympathy with the strikers and against Pullman, as he had been an employee of the company and knew what an employee had to endure. Upon the matter of the message to Debs of the General Managers' Association, Hopkins said:

"On July 23 Messrs. Debs, Howard and Keliher, of the American Railway Union, called and presented a communication to the railway managers, asking me to take it over to them. They asked that all the men be taken back, not as members of the American Railway Union, but as individuals, except those who had committed violence during the strike. When I got there the board had adjourned, and I handed it to Mr. St. John. Mr. St. John informed me that they did not desire to receive my communication from that source, but would receive it in view of the fact that the mayor of Chicago brought it. I say this in regard to Mr. Egan: The papers quoted him as saying that if he was the mayor he would not allow himself to be made a messenger boy. I want to say most emphatically that Mr. Egan never said it, and I do not think I would have allowed him to say it."

"We understand it has been stated in the press that you applied to Mr. Debs for permission to move certain things during the strike?" was asked.

"That is not true. I'll give you my statement in regard to it. We have a contract between the city of Chicago and a man named Bennock for removing dead animals. His place for rendering them is in Indiana, some place. He called at my office one day and stated that there was a train of dead animals down in the yards and they were getting offensive and he could not get them out. I sent my secretary over to the headquarters of the A. R. U. and they immediately sent a crew down to pull them out, but when they went down to report to the officials of the road they put them on a train loaded with meat. They pulled that out a distance and then found they were deceived and abondoned the train."

After the mayor had explained the dead horse episode the commissioners adjourned to meet in Washington City on September 26.

CABLE DISPATCHES.

News of the World Gathered in the Metropolis

The Standard's Berlin correspondent tells of a recent interview between Professor Burmeister, of the Baltimore Academy of Music, and Prince Bismarck, at Varzin. Bismarck spoke of his great interest for the welfare of Germans in America. Professor Burmeister replied that the German Americans were most deeply interested in the Prince's welfare, as a recognized him as the most popular German in the world. Bismarck replied: "I am glad to think that the Germans keep vivid their memory of the Fatherland."

The Daily News' correspondent in Berlin says "the last mail from Samoa brings a petition to the emperor for annexation. Amongst the thirty-two signers are two Englishmen and one American. The German warship Falke had been at Berkuknanio. The officers visited the forts and the rebels cordially received them. Young Tumasese, son of Germany's former protege, has joined the rebels. The confusion of the government troops is constantly growing.

Baron Marshal von Bieberstein, minister of foreign affairs at Berlin, had a long conference this afternoon with U. S. Ambassador Runyan in regard to Germany's grievances growing out of the sugar schedule in the American tariff law.

In a letter addressed to the Times several men who had exhibits at the Chicago fair complain that the medals and other badges of honor awarded them have not been received, and that inquiries after the information have been ignored by the British commission. It is reported, they say, that the medals have not even been designed.

The health authorities of Myslowitz Prussian Silesia report 160 new cases of cholera and 18 deaths. The first case of cholera was reported in Stettin to-day.

The Lombok natives are fortifying Mataram, the capital of the island, and are also strengthening the forces of men holding the place. Two Englishmen have been arrested at Ampanam.

It is announced that by the latest agreement between France and the Congo State all ports on the right bank of the Mooma river were conveyed to France. They will be under the administration of the French Congo.

At midnight the Count of Paris was conscious and able to converse with his family. He was very weak, however, and often could speak only with great difficulty. The Duc d'Aumale, his uncle; the Duchess de Chartres, his sister-in-law; the Princess Waldmar of Denmark, his niece, and other members of the family are at Stowe.

The city of Hongkong has been officially declared free from plague. The decree was promulgated on Monday last.

Premier Sagasta will convoke the Cortes in November, and will endeavor at once to secure some semblance of order in Spain's commercial relations with other powers, most notably Germany. He expects to reconstruct the cabinet before the opening of the session.

The elections to the Landsthag have resulted in a large Conservative majority.

A dispatch from Ha Noi, the capital of Tonquin, says that last Monday night Chinese attacked the house of M. Chaillet, collector of customs at Monkai, killed him and kidnapped his wife and daughter. Troops were sent out in pursuit of the Chinese, but failed to overtake them.

London, Aug. 31.—The Times this morning says: "The Canadian government lost no time in giving effect to the resolution of the Ottawa conference as to the Pacific cable. Amongst the estimates submitted is one by Siemens, fixing the capital outlay of the establishment of the line at two million pounds. This is a practical proposal, showing that the question has entered a stage in which the governments concerned must decide what part they will take. The interests are not wholly financial. The main consideration is rather public utility. The nation laying the first Pacific cable and putting the first good line of steamships on the Pacific may reasonably expect to hold a commanding position on the ocean. In the efforts which the British colonies are making to secure this for Great Britain they are simply obeying the dictates of their own advantage.

Andrew Carnegie has an article in the September Contemporary Review concerning labor in America. He says that a workman can live for less in America if he chooses than in Great Britain, provided that he will live as frugally. Consequently, Mr. Carnegie thinks that the argument that wages must be higher in America is fallacious. A pound judiciously expended in America on the necessaries of life would afford the workingman's family more comforts than would the same amount here. The American workingman's position was like that of the old Scotch woman, who, when asked if she could live on a certain annuity, replied that she could live on half of it, "but could spend dooble."

General Booth will bid good bye to the London Salvation Army on September 10, and will sail for New York to make a tour of the United States and Canada.

EZETA IS WORRIED.

Although He Does not Believe That He Will Go Back to San Salvador.

San Francisco, Aug. 31.—General Ezeta of San Salvador professes to be not in the least worried over the outcome of the examination which has been set for September 4. He says he can prove his innocence of all the charges preferred against him by his enemies, and does not believe the United States government could be guilty of sending him back to San Salvador.

There is one matter, however, which is worrying him beyond measure. It seems to be the cause of all his ills of distemper. He does not know what has become of his children. They are in the hands of his enemies and he fears they are being maltreated. "If I could only be assured they are safe and in good hands," he said, "I would be worried about nothing. But who can tell what outrage Guttierez and his men may commit? They maltreated and imprisoned the wives of my trusty followers here. What might they not do to my children?"

Ezeta has three motherless children whom he loves better than his own life. They are aged 5, 3 and 2 years respectively. The youngest is a boy. "When my house in Santa Ana was attacked on that memorable night," he said, "Guttierez and his men made my children prisoners and placed them under the care of a guard of soldiers. In the fight which ensued I secured possession of them again and took them to the house of a friend for safe-keeping. Then I had to abandon Santa Ana. Do you know why I never recaptured Santa Ana? Guttierez held up my little children before me and I was told that if I entered Santa Ana I would have to walk over the dead bodies of my babies to get there. They were placed on the fortifications with a regiment of soldiers to blot out their little lives the moment the order was given to fire. I could not go back to Santa Ana. I have not seen my children since. How am I to know whether they are alive or have been brutally murdered?"

Smoke Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco. Take no other. "Union" Make.

THE OLD RELIABLE.

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

The Matches with a Reputation.

8,800,000 made and consumed daily.

TELEGRAPH. TELEPHONE. TIGER. PARLOR.

"Montserrat" Lime Fruit Juice.

Is the Finest Drink in the World for Hot Weather.

Cooling Refreshing Invigorating Wholesome

Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER

Buy Big 25c. Bottle

NO OTHER MEDICINE ON EARTH is so efficacious for Colic, Canadian Cholera, Cramps, Chills, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and all Bowel Complaints.

SATOLLI RECALLED.

He Will Return to Rome at the End of the Year.

London, Aug. 31.—A dispatch from Rome says that the report that Mgr. Satolli will return to Rome at the end of the year is confirmed. The Vatican will publish the result of his mission, which will show, as already frequently stated, that the pope is entirely satisfied with the work of Mgr. Satolli, and that his holiness considers the church questions in the United States almost settled.

Broken in Health

That Tired Feeling, Constipation and Pain in the Back

Appetite and Health Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mr. Chas. Steele
St. Catherine's, Ont.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"For a number of years I have been troubled with a general tired feeling, shortness of breath, pain in the back, and constipation. I could get only little rest at night on account of the pain and had no appetite whatever. I was that tired in my limbs that I gave out before half the day was gone. I tried a great number of medicines but did not get any permanent relief from any

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

source until, upon recommendation of a friend, I purchased a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which made me feel better at once. I have continued its use, having taken three bottles, and

I Feel Like a New Man.

I have a good appetite, feel as strong as ever I did, and enjoy perfect rest at night. I have much pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla," CHARLES STEELE, with Erie Preserving Co., St. Catherine's, Ontario.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

RUPTURE

More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free.

CHARLES CLUTHE, 194 King St. W., Toronto.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned at the Clarence Hotel, Victoria, B. C., under the style or firm name of "Wishart & Meldram" has this day been dissolved and the business will henceforth be carried on as usual by George Gladstone Meldram alone, who will discharge all the liabilities of the late firm and to whom all debts due to the late firm are to be paid.

Dated this 31st day of August, 1894.

JAMES WISHART.
GEORGE GLADSTONE MELDRAM.
a31-2w

Real Estate.

TO Lease—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stables, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, postoffice, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within one and two miles. Price $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH; Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly, $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or [illegible] specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS' USE. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Memory, Dizziness and Brain, Poor Memory, Losses in all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail. LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. aug27

Before. After.

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female disease. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Perfectly safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. For sale by Langley & Co., Victoria. aug7

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Lot 1 of Section II, Beckley Farm, (Map 231) Victoria City.

Whereas the certificate of title of Catherine Hotz to the above hereditaments bearing date the 19th day of May, 1891, has been lost or destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate. Notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within one month from the date hereof. S. Y. WOOTTON, Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, 16th August, 1894. a17-1m

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

NOTICE.

Take notice that I shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting, to be held in and for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by me for the Ship Inn Saloon, situate on portion of lot 126, Victoria City, on the east side of Wharf Street in the City of Victoria, to George Thomson, of Victoria, B.C., saloon-keeper.

Dated this 30th day of July, 1894.

ROSS J. FERGUSON.
aug1-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Robert Dudgeon of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Telegraph Hotel," situate upon the east side of Store street in the city of Victoria.

J. MERRIFIELD.
Victoria, B. C., 14th July, 1894.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquor by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Queen's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTIETH,
Official Administrator.
Administering the estate of Geo. Fairbrother, deceased, intestate. aug8-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I shall apply for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the Hotel Victoria, Government street, to William Wilson.

P. T. PATTON.
Victoria, B. C., August 9th, 1894.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that by deed dated the 6th day of August, A.D. 1894, and executed by all parties thereto on that date, Arthur James Rowbotham, of the City of Victoria, British Columbia, grocer, assigned all his real and personal property (save as therein mentioned) to Thomas Earle of the said City of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the benefit of all his creditors.

Said deed was executed by the said parties and the trusts undertaken by the said Thomas Earle on the 6th day of August instant.

All persons indebted to the said Arthur James Rowbotham are required to pay such indebtedness forwith to the said trustee, and every person having any claim against the said Arthur James Rowbotham is to send proof of such claim, with full particulars, to the said trustee within one month from this date, after which date the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate, having regard only to such claims as may have been sent in.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the trustee on the 21st day of August, 1894, at 2:30 p.m.

Dated this 6th day of August, 1894.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Trustee above named.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association [illegible] on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing

JOHN DODD,
Nanaimo, B. C.
jel-tf-d&w

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

GUIDON LITTLE BUTTONS OF BATTERY D.

"Tales of Ten Travelers" Series.

BY EDGAR L. WAKEMAN.

"A little over thirty years ago," musingly began the Student Traveler, as our Ten Travelers were all comfortably seated in their accustomed places, "several detached divisions, brigades and even single regiments of infantry, a few battalions of cavalry and a number of field artillery commands, which had been hastily massed at Cairo, Illinois, were urged speedily forward by way of the Cumberland river and thence by rapid marches over the mountains of northwestern Alabama into Georgia, to reinforce Sherman, who was stubbornly fighting his way to the doomed city of Atlanta.

"We joined him at Etowah river and participated in the hard-fought flank movements which resulting in the defeat of the outnumbered Confederate forces under gallant Captain Hood, and which made possible Sherman's subsequent famous march to the sea."

As there was yet scarcely a streak of silver in the Student Traveler's hair and beard, his early familiarity with the stirring events of so remote a period caused various expressions of surprise to flit across the faces of the assembled company.

The Aimless Traveler, who had seen hard service in the Franco-Prussian war, seemed nettled at the apparently irreverent libery with military history.

"The Yanks and the Johnny Rebs," he observed with a noticeable inflexion of satire in his tone, "must have taken on ther heroes at a remarkably youthful age?"

"Oh, yes," pleasantly retorted the Student Traveler, "quite young enough to fight!"

Whereupon without further interruption he related the following incidents of the American Civil War.

Late one sultry June afternoon, as our forces were about going into camp for the night after a severe day's march over the hills of northwestern Georgia, our own company, Battery D, First Illinois Light Artillery, on account of some temporary obstruction to the forces in advance, had halted abreast of an imposing country mansion, where, to avoid only a slight detour, the marching columns had cut a ruinous roadway straight across the planter owner's beautiful gardens and lawn.

The sappers and miners had demolished walls and fences. Fountains had been overturned and broken. Statuary lay prone beside pedestals or, in shattered pieces, had been crushed into the earth by the heavy wheels of transport wagons and the artillery. Grottos and vine-laden summer houses were leveled as by a tempest; and costly shubbery, which another quarter century's loving care could not replace, had been destroyed like wayside weeds beneath the trampling of frenzied hoofs.

The general in command had mercifully placed guards about the fine old mansion; and we could see upon the colonnaded portico a few members of the household huddled together as if fascinated by the portentious scene, while gazing in stupefied hopelessness over the destruction which an hour's time had so sadly wrought.

Most of our officers, postillions and gunners had dismounted and flung themselves from an almost stupid exhaustion upon the sward; and our jaded horses, freed for a few moments from rein and spur, lowered their heads listlessly or reached hungrily to one side or the other for a few smirched blades of grass which still lay half buried between the deeply sunken ruts.

I was the guidon or color sergeant of the battery; at this time a lad of scarcely fifteen years of age. While valorous enough in the foolhardy way of youth to have won in a year's relentless service the liking of my officers and the friendship of my comrades, there was still a strain in me, which revolted at the inhumanly needless destruction of war; which made me almost traitorous in heart to the power behind our own flag, when it waved above indignity to the innocent or cruelty to the feeble and helpless; and which fired my heart with intolerable hatred for my own cause whenever I was compelled to look upon the wicked and wanton desperation of homes.

I shall never forget how the picture of this half ruined homeside—the utter destruction on every hand, the guarded shell of a home, its few remaining occupants, the old and the young, looking upon invaders out of the very desolation of fear, while a few faithful blacks crouched behind them—chilled and sickened me.

I turned from it and leaned against my horse, mutely patting his neck as though he must know this feeling, if the patriotic human souls around me could not, and with my face against his dusty shoulder almost sobbed:

"Ah Charlie, old friend!—" Charlie was the name of the horse who had carried me and our colors into many a direful place of carnage and death; for "Battery D" had gained a name for savage work afield—"how long must this business last?"

I remember, too, that I thought old Charlie, tenderly interpreting my boyish mood of despondency, had turned his honest face to rumple my ragged artillery jacket with his lips and teeth, and say as plainly as faithful horse could:

"Don't give way so, Little Buttons; don't"—this being my nickname, friendly bestowed by the battery boys, who were really fond of me on account of my diminutive size. "It's a dreadful shaking up, to be sure; but as I am considerably older than yourself, and have seen longer service, I hope you won't mind my mentioning that I have thought it all out more dispassionately."

"Oh, no, Charlie!"

"One good thing'll come of it, anyhow; the North and the South'll get a permanent introduction to one another that'll lead to lasting brotherhood and respect! believe me, Little Buttons!"

"Oh, but Charlie, the horror of it while it lasts! I don't mind fighting; sure! You know that. The needless suffering, the heartless cruelties and the wanton indignities and destruction, are what break my heart, old Charlie, and sometimes make me long to sink into the silent earth."

We often had talks like these, old Charlie and I, boyish and foolish as they may now seem to some of you quizzled travelers about me; and they were the greatest living comforts to me, when so many of my comrades rather gloried in the ruin on every hand.

On this occasion I thought old Charlie rubbed my shoulder a second time comfortingly and seemed to say in that brave, cheery way he had:

"Little Buttons, brace up! When you and I are old vets, all this rumpus will be so sunnily forgotten that we couldn't get a pension if we needed one. Besides, remember we carry the colors, my boy!"

This last seeming reminder from old Charlie brought me to something like "Attension!" when I saw to my surprise that it had not been old Charlie's touch upon my shoulder at all.

I was looking into the deep hazel eyes of the owner of the mansion, whom I had seen in the group upon the portico and who now stood before me with a white face regarding my own features with a more intent and inquiring look than I had ever known rest upon them before.

It seemed to me for a moment that I saw my own father's face in his. When he spoke, my own father's tones were in his words. When he laid his hand upon my shoulder again, it was as my own father's loving touch.

"It can't be possible!" he half whispered. "He could have no boy as young as this. He would not permit him to lead this manner of life, if he had."

And then as if recurring to some hope or purpose in his own mind, he looked at me appealingly and said:

"My lad, you have a heart, if you are a soldier!"

"Oh, I hope so, sir;" I bashfully replied, startled by the strange family resemblance and the planter's almost desperate manner.

"I—I felt, when I saw your face," he continued, hesitatingly, "because it reminded me of one long separated from me by the wall of political hatred, of a brother I once loved devotedly, that I might ask you to do a distracted mother and father a very great kindness, indeed the greatest kindness that human heart and hand might do."

I was almost overcome by the intensity of his feeling and the homesickness every tone he uttered evoked, and I stammered forth some manner of confused assent, while old Charlie turned his head and seemed to nod approvingly.

"We have a daughter in Atlanta—just about your age, my lad. Here is her picture."

With an alert glance toward my tired companions, as if to guard so sacred a subject from intrusion, he placed a little ambrotype in my hands.

I saw the sweet face of a lass of perhaps sixteen years—almost the image of my own sister; a face with a radiant, uplooking smile, half hidden by a wreath of golden brown curls; a face that looked with tender eyes above a far life's horizon where rested only cloudless, happy skies.

We heard the dull chucking and thudding of the heavy wheels beyond, the rattle of the harness and fittings, the sullen tramp of weary feet, and saw the laggard wave of restlessness and rustling creep down the line which told us the columns were moving on beyond, and that we had but a moment more together.

"Here," he said quickly, as he trembingly pushed the packet into my pocket, "her name and address and a little note to her are all in there. We cannot hear from her. Your army is between us. She is at a sort of finishing school, with an Italian master—not in good hands, we fear. Atlanta will fall. My God, boy! what will become of our darling Beatrice, in those hours of defeat, of victory, of pillage, raging and license?"

Captain Cooper and the officers were already in their saddles. The postillions and gunners were sullkily creeping to their places. I saw the bugle raised to Bugler Andy's lips. Old Charlie was already restless and the clarion note of the order to mount half drowned the planter's almost despairing words.

He clutched at my foot as I reached my saddle. I could barely hear him agonizingly plead:

"In heaven's name search her out. Tell her of this meeting. Give her the letter. Be to her as though she were your kin!"

The infantry beyond had been sent on at double quick to regain our lost time. Captain Cooper's piping voice gave an impatient order to Bugler Andy.

"Forward—double quick!" shrilly followed in blaring bugle notes.

My place was at the head of the column. The officer of the day had turned in his saddle and was scowling at me. I had only time to bend to the piteous white face and shout: "Whatever I can—so help me God!"

He clutched me the tighter, as if in mute and desperate appeal. I touched old Charlie softly with the spur of my disengaged foot and we tore ourselves from the man—it was as though I had struck my own father a blow—and in an instant more Battery D, with its six glaring howitzers was thundering over the ruined lawn and on and on at a gallop over the stony road to its place, in park, in camp.

Everyone knows the story of the Atlanta campaign: Of the fiery conflicts at Cartersville, at Allatoona, at Acworth and at Big Shanty; of the investment, in blazing, burning July days, of lordly Kennesaw Mountain, where the attacks and repulses, the feints and sallies and the tremendous and savage manoeuvres were like the "jaws of hell" to those from time to time engaged, and like majestic and terrible panoramas to those onlookers of both the Blue and the Grey, held in readiness for instant battle; of the great flank movement which gave the Federal forces the Kennesaw, and Mariette for a hospital camp and a scondry base of supplies; of the weeks of thunder and smoke by day and thunder and flame by night, in the terrible artillery duels across the Chattahoochee; of the vast Federal demonstration to the south, and the lightning like flanking stroke away around to the northeast, where Peachtree's banks opened to ten thousand soldier graves and the brave MacPherson fell; of the final investment of the beautiful city, the deadly assaults and repulses and their endless carnage; and then the awful whirl and whirlwind of half a hundred thousand desperate men around to the south and southeast—a solid advancing resistless front of half a score of miles in length, of raining lead, of blood-red bayonet, of belching cannon and of the all-consuming torch—to the horrible slaughter of Rough-and-Ready and Jonesborough; until, just thirty years from our next first September day, a shout went up that shook the earth and split the sky: "Atlanta is ours!" while the brave but defeated Confederates withdrew to Lovejoy's; and the face of the earth, almost from Chattanooga to Atlanta, seared as with flame, blackened as by deadly frosts, was a putrid desolate desert, silent as it buried and unburied dead!

On dress parade and in drill service, even in occasional gallant brushes with an enemy, the field artillery guidon and his tiny flag are well enough and pretty enough as military trappings; but where there are ceaseless battles and carnage, the need is desperate for every human at the guns.

As I pleaded for a place like this, Captain Cooper smiled grimly, took old Charlie for an extra saddle horse and promptly turned me over to our most doughty fighter, Sergeant Dennis McGee, of the centre section guns.

"Faith, I'll put you where the inimy niver'll clap eye on ye, for the smoke," said Dennis with a wicked twinkle in his little green eyes.

And so he did.

"It'll be 'Number 5,' ye'll be;" he added sternly; "t' thumb th' vint, and fire the gun. An', mind me words, me lad; if ye iver let air in 'er (the cannon), an' cause a premachure discharge, or break away on yer lanyard before I guv th' word, I'll just impty th' six barrels o' me revolver into th' small o' yer poreen back!"

With similar engaging railyings from Dennis, I took my place at the gleaming twenty-four pounder and kept it to the end.

I do not know what the poet-sung bravery of battle heroes is. I remember it all as a terrible dream where I knew that death was ahead and where I felt as sure that death was behind. I simply struggle with all the little might in me, almost senselessly and altogether mechanically, to accomplish my atomlike toil in the measureless requisites of the hour.

In such dolorous times there is no chance for respite; no place for humanizing companionship; no moments for more than the dumb and ceaseless efforts to do and live and kill.

Yet if it were possible to intensify the terrible strain upon mental and physical being into keened activity I knew that the added impetus ever came to me, not from the shouts of victory above the groans of the dying, but from those humbler and to my boyish nature subtler promptings to valorous savagery, in the approving words, glances or smiles of the officers and men about me.

"Look at the fire in Little Buttons' eye!" Corporal Burr would laughingly halloa to the men of the right or left section guns, as we were warming up to some rattling engagement.

"We took thirty-seven positions at Peachtree," Corporal Ez Carter would proudly retort, as he cut in two a bar of "Daisy Dean," which he was endlessly and plaintively whistling or singing in battle or out "and Little Buttons never lost his grip at the gun's wheel, never missed a tight vent and never got rattled with his lanyard."

"No, and he never squealed when the big Johnnie Reb yanked him, that day, over his gun and was bringing his sabre down on him like silein' saw-belly,' an' Irish Dennis shot the big Reb over him, an' they stuck there in the blood on the sizzling gun together!" snorted Freem Harford, our brawny Number 1, chucking me under the chin and smiling encouragingly into the already set features of my tiny boyish face.

"Faith, if we'd had Little Buttons at Anghrim—sure that's over agin Ballinasloe—" Sregeant McGee would add with backward prophesy and a wise solemn smile, "ould Ireland'd be ould Ireland still, an' not be beggared up!"

And so the running fire of half satire and half compliment would flash across the guns or between the limbers and caissons, or be taken up by the sprawling postillions; while Big Andy, the German bugler, grave as a kaiser, would polish his bugle on his sleeve or silently nip comforting pinches of snuff, and Captain Cooper, Lieutenants Cunningham and Pratt, and even handsome Orderly Sergeant Powers, would look around upon their men as if to say, "We're not all regulation size, nor age, nor dress; but we're fighters, lads, Little Buttons, one and all!" or still bestow upon me a glance half of pity and half of affection; all of which—and never the thrill of victory or the triumph in a brave enemy's defeat—kept my diminutive being and childish spirit in dogged, tensest key.

I say these things because I always look back upon that time and upon that soldier lad almost as a separate epoch and distinct personality from those in which I have ever really existed; and also in the nature of confession of meriless boyish foolhardiness which won me whatever affection the rough and kindly natures about me had in their inclination or power to bestow.

In the listless and idle September and October days that followed Sherman's great victory, which was really the beginning of the end of the American civil war, Battery D was encamped with various other commands near the hamlet of East Point, a few miles south of the city of Atlanta.

Old Charlie and the little flag had been returned to me; and to the trifling duties of guidon had been added the more onerous camp life exactions of company clerk. In this capacity I carried and brought the mail to and from army corps headquarters, delivered and often received the voluminous reports and briefer orders, and, in fact, gradually became a sort of general orderly for our officers and mounted errand boy for our droning roadside camp.

This often brought me on various trifling missions within the captured city. While its activities were very great through Sherman's reorganization of his army and the extensive preparations for his still secretly-planned march to the sea, they were military activities alone; and to me, boy though I was, the half ruined public edifices, the dismantled forts, the barred or silent empty shops, the avenues of leveled elms and limes, the shell-ridden churches, schools and warehouses and above all the dreary, ghostly homes, closely shuttered and barred or transformed into slatternly barracks for our soldiers, were amongst the saddest spectacles of the war.

This was intensified and still more deeply embittered by the utter failure of my chivalrous mission for the discovery and rescue of Beatrice.

This charge had grown upon me as the sacred Mecca of my childish aspiration. That white face of the father had haunted me reprovingly. The beautiful and innocent face of his daughter had beconed me on.

Every shot or shell which had leaped from our bellowing guns upon the doomed city, seemed to my overwrought fancy a mortal challenge to her tender life. Even when the cry "Atlanta is ours!" went up from an hundred thousand throats, it stilled my heart and choked my tongue.

Beatrice hopeful and innocent, Beatrice helpless and alone, Beatrice ground beneath the merciless teeth of war, flitted through my dreams, whispered encouragement in the very "ping!" of bullets beside my head, hung like the flaming Virgin in the rapt pictures of the masters, floated spiritlike within and above the smoke of our cannon and took on dolorous and awful forms in every grewsome change of cloud-hung battle.

Never did old Charlie's hoofs ring out such impatient staccato as when he bore me to the ancient mansion where I found Signor Bellini's conservatory to be located. Never did his laggard hoofs so drive despairing echos into rider's heart, as when we turned away from the place, now transformed into army engineers' headquarters, where smart sentries were pacing the broad portico or loitering beside the silent fountains.

Then followed weeks of fruitless, heart-deadening search.

The flutter of every woman's gown, the flash of every woman's hand, the half-caught glimpse of every woman's face, startled me on and on with the thrill of hope which ever ended in a desolate pang of utter dread and loss.

Back to camp, where I had become haggard, moody and silent, one day Corporal Ez Carter stopped his tender numbers of "Daisy Deane" long enough to remark in a melancholy tone to some comrades near: "The campaign was too much for Little Buttons. He's going off all in a heap!"

Then the boys began to regard me more closely. The rough fellows would edge up to me with cheery and sympathetic words, some brusquery took from me various portions of my work. Even the best of our poor food found its way to my plate, at mess.

They plied me with all manner of fatherly questions. While the tears welled into my foolish eyes, I could only remain stubbornly silent. Then by a little ruse they brought me to the doctor's attention at sick-call.

"Shamming!—Bah!—shamming!" was his pleasant dictum with an oath, as he mounted his horse and with his assistant rode away; but the brigade surgeon would never have returned to headquarters with whole bones had not his good steed taken him at a lively pace out of the clutches of the fighting boys of Battery D.

"Faith, it's shammers ye all are!" indignantly remarked Sergeant McGee. "Can't ye see it's th' ache o' th' heart for th' home behind, that's aitin' th' life out o' Little Buttons?"

And so it stood at homesickness with the men; and Ez Carter, loyal soul that he was! sang himself hoarse and whistled himself parched and dry from his efforts to enliven my spirits with the saddening strains of "Daisy Deane," and even Big Andy, with protruding eyes and bulging cheeks, worked beside me for hours out of the very goodness of his honest German heart with the ear-splitting bugle's blare; while Manuel Burt, Freem Harford, Doc Lewis and Seed Rogers from as many different squads and mess chests generously tendered to the end of their civilian days!—endeavored to win me back to comradeship, through cards, in the adroit bestowal upon my fortunes of various tempting "jack-pots!"

But I carried my secret and hurt alone; the sorriest way on earth to carry a grievous load.

Added to its crushing weight was another momentous secret which almost frenzied my boyish heart.

At department and corps headquarters my frequent visits had made officials and attaches unmindful of my tiny presence. I had seen enough and heard enough to dimly comprehend the coming scattering of Atlanta's inhabitants and the complete annihilation of the city by fire.

Whatever depths of dolor this life may have in store for me, there can never again come the dread, the actual despair and the agony of compassion which I, as that boy soldier, constantly suffered until this measureless brutality of pretended military necessity was partially complete.

Contemplation of the monstrous inhumanity, coupled with certain extinction of my last hope to succor the ill-fated Beatrice, so maddened my childish soul that I would almost have committed murder to have averted it. For the few days between the promulgation of the order for the city's depopulation and the saddest exodus of modern history, I was half beside myself with impotence and grief.

The highway leading from the city to the confederate lines above Lovejoy's, trailed alongside our camp. Sherman's huge army wagons were utilized to transport such as had no other means of conveyance. A double line of federal guards fenced in the highway to a point where the flags of the Union and Confederacy, with the white emblem of truce between, stood almost sid by side.

Here, the confederate guards carried on the bristling fronts of soldiery to the picket and main lines of the Southern army. Nearly thirty thousand human souls, driven ruthlessly from their homes, were forced through this infamous Highway of Despair; and with flashing eyes and heart of shame for my country and its cause, I believe I looked into the face of every refugee that passed that way. May God spare the world anothr such frightful panorama of human woe!

Toward evening on the third and last day of the dreadful exodus, all but a half score wagons had passed our camp. Interested and curious comrades in solemn-faced squads, from time to time had kept me company.

"Come on to mess, boys. That's the last of 'em!" cried one of the artillerymen; and all but myself, who was watching the cavalcade to the last lagard refugee, and Sergeant McGee, who was regarding me gravely and quizzically, departed hastily for their suppers beside the campfires.

I had risen from my seat on the old stone wall abutting the road to return to my tent with Dennis; but at that moment I saw two faces which set my little body a-trembling.

One was the dark face of a man of Latin blood. Jolted from side to side by the heavy wagon, he was wheedling and scowling and half supporting as best he could the slight figure of a maiden. The other, when the violence of the wagon's jolting had for an instant tossed her curls aside, I knew was the face of Beatrice.

"To have a bad chill;" said Dennis curtly, turning toward the tents. "Come along, Little Buttons, an' we'll bate that agy wid a drop o' th' rale right sort!"

In the moment his back was to me, I had sprung into the open end of the wagon behind the one containing Signor Bellini and Beatrice, a wagon filled with singing and wailing negroes; and in another moment Sergeant McGee and the pleasant camp of Battery D were shut from sight by the blinding dust of the road.

All roads my be alike to the madness of youth; but the road that led to the possible rescue of this helpless girl was the only one then open on earth to me.

All th transport wagons belonging to General Sherman had been rapidly returned. The last few that were being hurried forward blonged to the enemy. I could see, through occasional glances, as we passed, the guards, done with their sad day's work deploying into squads, and the squads gradually forming into dark blue masses for impatient return to the friendly environments of their own camps.

The point of truce was soon gained. Here cavalry from both forces had been stationed. The formalities of their final separation were trifling. As the flag of truce was furled, the hostile flags moved in opposite directions. With grim salutes and right-about-faces, the soldiers of each flag fell into marching order and went their separate ways. Our wagons were shortly beyond Hood's outlying pickets; and here I suddenly realized that I was a Union soldier, in full uniform and without warrant, inside the confederate lines!

I do not think that this startled me at first. It simply spurred me to action. I remember that my instant impulse was to in some manner change my apparel.

Some of the blacks were stupid from drink, and effecting this was not difficult. With one I exchanged my hat, with another my jacket, with this one my padded artillery vest and with another, in the darkness, my tidy artillery trousers.

Hardly had this been done when we came upon a belated refugee's camp, outside of Hood's main lines, but close under the Confederate advance redoubts. Here a few hundred humans were huddled, without shelter from the night, beside a small stream. Some were dejectedly munching scanty food; but most had fallen spiritless or from exhaustion beside their pitiably meagre belongings where the wagons had hurriedly left them.

Noticing these things, but with my attention fixed only upon two human beings I followed the latter to the edge of the stream beside an abandaned campfire, where, after almost threatening injunctions for the girl to remain where bidden, the Italian left her apparently to make provision for food for the night.

In an instant I was beside her, excitedly whispering.

"Beatrice!—Beatrice!"

She was not even startled. She seemed merely listening as in a dream for surer token of kinship and affection in the half aspirated calling of her name.

"Beatrice!—Beatrice!"

I bent close to her wan and haggard face.

"Oh God! Have one of you come at last?"

"Yes, yes, yes! from your father. Hush! Here, see this picture he gave me. Read the words with it. I will take you from this villain to him."

She sprang to her feet; but I gently though instantly forced her down.

"No, no! Not now. Not until a few hours later. Seem docile and obedient to Bellini. Can you swim?"

"Yes, yes!"

"Are you brave?"

After to-day there is little fear."

"Will you obey me implicitly to reach your home?"

"To the limit of my life?"

"Then, when you are certain your black devil of a companion and the camp are asleep steal to the bank of the stream. Move fearlessly down stream, until you meet me. Bellini is returning. Remember!"

I do not remember how long I waited for Beatrice; but, sure of her bravery and prudence as she was unquestioning of my loyal guidance, these were the only calm and certain hours I had known since our forces crossed Etowah.

I knew she would come; as she did. I knew that the approaching stealthy footsteps were hers. I knew that the unseen form I felt before me was that of Beatrice; and it was the happiest moment of my life when her outstretched, groping hand grasped mine, and without even a whispered word, we stepped softly into the placid stream together—two children, seeing through blindness, going forward as in the broad day by night, upheld in their infinite innocence and ignorance by indefinite trust and faith.

What were my plans? I had none. The stars told me the stream flowed toward the blessed Northland. Silent as our waterfowl and reptile companions hand in hand we waded, walked and swam.

Silent as the preternatural silence brooding between brooding armies, we halted where a huge sycamore had fallen across and almost dammed the stream, and listened breathless to a measured ghostly tread.

It went and came from sward and covert and corpse to fallen sycamore trunk. It beat hollow and solemn and portentious across this. Thence it swished and brushed over sward to covert and corpse, and back again ochoingly; a terrific pendulum of fate across our way of safety.

An hour or an age thus passed, when other footsteps approached the left bank of the stream. Then a muffled rattling of musket in dew-wet hands above our heads, and this challenge:

"Halt!—who goes there?"

"Grand rounds."

"Advance, grand rounds, and give the countersign!"

Straight to a leveled gun above us came another muffled form. It bent over the bayonet and whispered:

"Remember—Atlanta!"

The musket clattered to the sentry's shoulder. Then it clattered to the position of "Present arms!" The officer of the guard passed slowly on; while the musket clattered back to the sentry's shoulder, and the ghostly tramp, tramp, tramp, was again begun.

Two dripping figures lay for a time together in the rank grass beside the stream.

When they arose they stepped fearlessly toward the sentry's path. A stern command rang out:

"Halt!—Who goes there?"

"Friends, with the countersign!"

"Advance, friends, and give the countersign!"

Two figures bent over the sentry's leveled gun.

"Remember—Atlanta!" they whispered as cheerily as when giving the touchword of some pretty children's game, while with a gruff "Pass on!" the sentry's musket clattered back to his shoulder without salute.

We sped across an open field, and when we had at last gained the highway over which I had so strangely come, clasping the girl in my arms, I murmured ecstatically in her ear: "With God's help we are outside the Confederate lines!"

"Not a whisper nor a shudder nor even a ripple of emotion was evoked. Just an answering pressure of the brave girl's hand, and we were away to the North again like two winged wraiths of the night.

After perhaps two miles had been traversed, I saw the stream we had followed now winding closely beside the highway; and remembered that at a place where the transport wagons crossed the stream on the previous evening I had noticed a stone bridge, with parapet-like copings, then occupied by Federal outposts. Reaching this, our dilemma now seemed insurmountable.

Here we flung away our shoes and hugging the coping wall, opposite the side where I had seen the pickets in blue, we began moving steadily across. One of my hands held fast to Beatrice. The other groped from stone to stone along the rotten masonry. A false step caused me to stumble and sent my hand forward with unusual force. It missed the wall and the next moment a lance-like bayonet passed entirely through the flesh of my left forearm.

No challenge word followed, and I made no outcry. Dropping the hand of Beatrice for a moment, I bent forward and saw that the figure holding the musket behind the bayonet was strangely silent. I peered again and listened. The picket was grimly and valiantly gripping his gun, which was pointed toward the enemy, but the hero of perhaps half a hundred battles was snoring peacefully in sleep.

I grasped the gun barrel gently below the bayonet lock; pulled my wounded arm from off the steel, as the blood spurted down upon the sentry's legs; grasped Beatrice and pressed dizzily forward; when at a safe distance hurled a stone back upon the sentry that he might escape death from being discovered asleep upon his post; in another half hour, without interruption or observation, I had shut the girl securely within my own little white tent, which danced all manner of ghostly antics before my eyes; and then, half fainting from exertion, excitement and loss of blood, fell in an unconscious heap upon some bags of fodder;—when all the world was still.

Always like a troubled yet gladsome dream have remained with me the events of the morning following.

Indistinct were the notes of the revellie. Far and whispered and almost like soundless lip movings, were the shouts in my ear by Sergeant McGee of "Little Buttons! Little Buttons!—Out o' this, i' yer tint, or th' divil's own sorra ye'll see!"

Incomprehensible, too, were some strange flights of mind, with seeming clanging, sabre-like wings, to the headquarters' tent and the shadowy guards, the scowling officers, the half heard questions and the impatient orders that met me there. Dim and torturing was a great placard I seemed to see, every letter of whose words like a flaming fire burned worse than death into my whirling brain, of

Little Buttons.
DISGRACED!
For Absence Within
the Enemy's Lines
WITHOUT LEAVE!

Faint and far were the bugle notes of roll call; the droning summons of the orderly and its responses; the salutes between officers and men; the reading of some hateful order; the instant murmur of disapproval which followed; the impetuous protests and half frightened reproofs.

Dim and unreal still, the signal to my guards, who grappled with me to force the placard upon my shoulders. Like a whirlwind the maddened struggle then; the breaking of the lines; the wild rush upon the headquarters' tent; my own rescue; the rending of the placard to tatters; the sudden vision of a shoeless maiden springing from a tiny white tent, clasping me in her arms, cying piteously, "He saved me from worse than death!" the silence of the strong men and the mist in their eyes as they gazed on the ragged, torn and blood-stained children; the flight to our camp from the refugees' roadway of a venerable [illegible] who burst through the throngs with cries of: "God be praised! My Beatrice is left to me!—saved to us," this as he clutched me, too, in his trembling arms, "by my own brother's son!—and then, still as in a dream, the wild huzzas, hand shakings, embracings, mingled songs of the "Star Spangled Banner" and "Dixie;" officers and men indistinguishable from each other through the ecstatic tears trailing over their war-grimed faces; with Big Andy perched on the artificers' wagon, sounding great blasts from his bugle, and Ez Carter endeavoring to drown the delicious notes with his pean of "Daisy Deane;" brought us all to a pandemonium of joy; until the very cannon seemed wreathed in glittering smiles along the pleasant camp front of fighting Battery D.

"Over all this blessed, sorrow-swept dream there never rested but one tiny patch of shadow;" concluded the Student Traveler with a quiet smile. "Sergeant Dennis McGee has never quite forgiven Little Buttons because his kindly Hibernian diagnosis of the ache o' his heart was for the curly-haired maiden before him, rather than for the dear old farm house behind!"

A Good Appetite

Always accompanies good health, and an absence of appetite is an indication of something wrong. The universal testimony given by those who have used Hood's Sarsaparilla, as to its merits of restoring the appetite, and as a purifier of the blood, constitutes the strongest recommendation that can be used for any medicine.

HOOD'S PILLS cure all liver ills, biliousness, jaundice, indigestion, sick headache. 25c.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynoecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul12-tf

MUSICAL.

MISS A. FOX
Has resumed music teaching at 36 Mason street.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O. Box 422.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver, No. 5746, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Forester's Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE,
No. 7, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
R. A. BROWN, Sec.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH.
Chapter, No. 15, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the 1st Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited.
R. H. SWINERTON, Scribe E.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street, on the first Friday of every month. All scotchmen are invited to join.
E. C. SMITH, Sec.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS,
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

EDUCATIONAL.

MISS C. G. FOX
Re-opened her school August 13th.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.
The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.
First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.
Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply
PRINCIPAL E. W. SCHOOL, M.A.
fo13 s,m,tf&w 1y]

Autumn term begins MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1894.

Gold and Silver Extraction.

The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ld., of Glasgow, (the MacArthur Forrest Cyanide Process),
Is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.
All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.
All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. je21

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.

Accurately adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A general servant in small family at once. Apply 50 Government St. o31-2t

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Nine shares in the Victoria Tramway Co. at $5 per share; one share in the Board of Trade Building Association for $75. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. aug10

FOR SALE—200 acres near Alberni Townsite reduced to $1,600, payable $300 cash and balance for 3 or 4 years at 7 per cent. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

FOR SALE—The formulas for well known proprietory medicines, favorably known in the north-west of the United States and in the east, the rights to manufacture and sell in British America; none but responsible parties need answer. Address H. F. Smith, 739 B.R. Tacoma, Wash., U.S.A. a17-1m

FOR SALE—Several Thoroughbred English Pug Pups; also two thoroughbred Irish Setter Pups. Apply to W. McKeon, Oriental hotel. aug8-tf

TO LET.

NICELY SITUATED and well furnished house to let. Address P.O. box 595, city. aug 24

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

BOARD AND LODGING.

TWO FRONT ROOMS to let, unfurnished. Springfield Cottage, Springfield avenue, Esquimalt road. a31-2t

FURNISHED ROOM AND BOARD at 182 Fort street. an30-3t

FURNISHED ROOM TO LET.—With or without board; large front room with fireplace; desirable location. Apply No. 6 Douglas street.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A double barrelled shot gun. Finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving at this office. a31-3t

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Tenant or buyer for a well-built house of 8 rooms, built 1893, with every convenience; size of lot 50x150; good kitchen, garden, stables, etc.; boat landing on Gorge arm; will be decorated to suit tenant; five minutes' walk from tram line or 20 minutes' walk from postoffice; adjoins property of J. Dunsmuir, Esq.; adjoining two lots to rent with the above or may be sold cheap. Nearly half acre on Gorge arm, 60 ft. frontage on water; beautiful view; no reasonable offer refused for any of the above properties. Apply W. S. Smith, Sunnyside Ave., Craigflower Rd., Victoria West. aug14-3w

FOR THE FALL—Tailor-made gowns, coats, cloaks; newest styles; moderate rates. 98 Yates street, over Cochrane & Munn's. aug23-1mo

STRAY BULL—Came to Lockend Dairy, Burnside Road, a mouse colored bull with white face. If not claimed and expenses paid on or before September 1st, 1894, it will be sold to pay expenses. Evans & Hobbs. aug22-10t

LADIES INVESTIGATE De Lamonton Cutting School. Perfect system with or without seams easily learned. Lessons Free. Agents wanted. Room 73 Five Sisters Block. aug18-1mo

A GOLD MINE in this adv. for you. Send at once. Your name neatly printed on 12 lovely cards (hidden name), 1 package comic acquaintance cards, dictionary of dreams, songs, recipes and sheet of scraps for 15 cents. Salem Card Co., Yarmouth, N. S. f28-1m

The Daily Times.

CROOKED ECONOMY.

People who do not know the Dominion government sometimes accuse it of being extravagant and wasteful. This misapprehension has probably grown out of too much contemplation of such small matters as the Connolly-McGreevy contracts, the Curran bridge steal and the St. Charles railway, while too little attention has been paid to the remarkable economies effected in other directions. Take, for instance, the case of the Victoria letter-carriers and junior postoffice clerks. In the days when economy was not so much thought of these servants of the public were allowed the extra remuneration of $10 per month as an offset to the higher rate of living expenses as compared with the east. This allowance brought the salaries of the carriers up to the magnificent sum of $40 per month and those of the clerks to $43. The government came to the conclusion that this was too luxuriant a rate of wage to be continued, and that the docking of the extra allowance presented a magnificent opportunity for economy and retrenchment. Accordingly, they decided not to ask parliament for the extra vote, and the carriers now find themselves reduced to $30 per month, less 90 cents for the superannuation fund, an amount which they rightly say will hardly enable them to keep themselves and those dependent on them from starvation. And for this salary they have to do work harder than most of the unthinking public realize. The carrier is far from having a "soft snap," especially in the winter season. But the reduction is not all that is to be complained of; it was aggravated by a piece of cowardly meanness which could have emanated from nowhere but an Ottawa department. When it was found that the extra allowance for the month of July was not forthcoming enquiries were sent to Ottawa as to the delay, and the answer came back that the checks would be forwarded in a few days. They have not been forwarded yet, and they will not be, since parliament made no provision for them. The false announcement from Ottawa was simply a cowardly device to postpone the day of indignation. It was a cruel device, for it misled men and drew them into incurring liabilities on the strength of the supply which they supposed to be coming. Surely no words could be too strong for condemnation of an act so contemptible as that of the department. Messrs. Earle and Prior profes to be anxious to help the men in their trouble and to prevail on the government to continue the extra allowance. It seems to be a little late in the day for this, because the extra allowance must have the sanction of parliament. We should like to know what Messrs. Earle and Prior did in the way of endeavoring to influence the government on this matter when parliament was in session. That was the time for effective work—not now, when the government can shelter itself behind the plea of lack of authority.

GOVERNMENT ROBBERY.

In addition to the tariff burden, which bears unequally on British Columbia, the Liberals will ask the electorate of the province to condemn the government for the following reasons:

Canada was plundered to the extent of $700,000 on the McGreevy and Connolly contracts, through the connivance of ministers.

Senecal, the boss printer of the Government Printing Bureau at Ottawa, was illegaly paid commissions on material purchased for the bureau to the amount of $50,000.

The Montreal bridges cost $270,000 more than engineers and contractors swore they should have cost, and that amount went to boodlers and government pets.

The revision of the useless voters' list cost $150,000.

The country loses $150,000 on the Sheik's Island dam.

The excess of cost over the estimate on the Little Rapids lock on the Lievre, was $256,000.

The Tay canal cost $343,000 more than the estimate.

A campaign contribution of $25,000 was taken out of the Lake St. John railway.

A million dollars of money was wasted on the St. Charles branch of the Intercolonial railway.

We pay $150,000 a year for a useless senate, and $50,000 for the maintenance of Rideau Hall and the governor's office, many thousand for unnecessary officials, and many thousands for law costs outside of the salaries of a minister of justice and a solicitor-general.

Taxation, we are told, cannot be reduced because the country's debt is so great and the expenses of the government are so high that a reduction of the tariff would mean a deficit. One of the methods by which the Liberals will equalize and overcome, if there should be a falling off in the revenue after a reduction of the tariff, will be to stop the waste and extravagance and swindling of which the above are a few choice samples.

THE COLONIST'S WICKED CRUSADE.

There is evidently something wrong with the Colonist, and the disease may, in the end, prove more serious than water-on-the-brain. A column of barren verbiage only adds to one's fears that it is possible for a newspaper to become contaminated by extraneous influences, as water may be temporarily made bad by foreign substances. The water supply of Victoria has been permitted by incompetent councils and negligent officials, to become unpalatable, if not offensive—to the taste and smell. When it is proposed to remedy that evil, the Colonist objects. It wants to hear expert testimony as to the quantity and quality of the water. It hankers after information. Although half a dozen engineers have reported on the one and at least three of four analysts on the other the editor is still a doubting Thomas. He continues to ask for proof that there will not be a water famine sometime in the future, when Victoria is a city of 100,000 people. It may be conceded at once that we all hope that some day the supply at Elk Lake will be insufficient for the requirements of this growing city. Because we so believed the Times advocated the ownership of the Goldstream watershed by the city. The day will come when that natural reservoir will have to be utilized, and if the organ will take that eventuality into account, and discuss it along with the proposal of the council to improve the Elk Lake system, no person will object. It is a legitimate and proper subject for discussion. The Goldstream project, however, will not be furthered by exaggerated statements in the local, or stupid platitudes in the editorial columns of our contemporary. The interests of Victoria demand that the water be made pure and sweet, and the council has set about a work that greater vigilance would have made unnecessary. Is it the part of honest journalism to throw obstacles in the way? The questions of the amount of money asked for and the manner in which it is proposed to expend it are not unreasonable, and before polling day these should be satisfactorily answered. But the Colonist—ever the organ of special as opposed to general interests—craftily aims at more than that. It has not started out to "bear" Elk Lake water just for "the fun of the thing," because there is nothing patriotic in a newspaper attempting to destroy or render valueless a public work that has cost the citizens hundreds of thousands of dollars and which a recent mayor and council estimated to be worth one million dollars.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The following from the Ottawa Journal shows what opinions are likely to be formed on the Fraser flood relief question by the people in the east, who are not in a position to know all the details:

The British Columbia press took not endorse the action of the committee which is sending out circulars asking for aid for sufferers by the floods in that province. The papers take the view that all the money required—$20,000—can readily be raised at home, and that the appeal is a libel on the people of British Columbia. The committee first suppressed the appeal for aid because they thought it would advertise the province in a wrong light, as a place of disaster. Now they want the help, apparently fancying that it will quietly pass without the appeal discomforting prospective immigrants. The committee are evidently of the class who would like to eat their cake and have it too.

The Journal misapprehends the facts and therefore makes unjust reflections on the committee, since it was Premier Davie, and not they, who "suppressed the appeal for aid. But the same misapprehension will doubtless influence the views of others than the Journal. In view of the circumstances we are constrained to repeat the opinion before expressed, that the committee and the government should have had a consultation before the appeal was issued. If the government is wrong and the committee right, the fact remains that the divergence of local views will be very apt to weaken the force of the appeal.

The following very good specimen of the protectionist scare is from the Tacoma Ledger: "The only reason why the new tariff will not stimulate the importation of coal from British Columbia, if it does not, is that under the new tariff less business will be done in this country requiring coal. That will doubtless be the case. The English trusts are now organizing to seize hold of our markets. An English woollen trust has agents in New York making careful and elaborate arrangements to undersell American manufacturers, and drive American woollens out of the American market. When the English manufacturers gain control of our markets we shall have less need of coal from any source than we have now." It will be noticed that this is from the same old material long in use by protectionists on both sides of the line, only the Canadian manufacturer substitutes Uncle Sam for Great Britain as the dangerous party who would hasten to sell as cheap goods if the tariff were lowered. No doubt he has Britain also in his eye, but "loyalty" forbids the mention of her name in this connection.

"Profit-sharing," says the Christian World, "was adopted in June, 1889, by the South Metropolitan Gas company, (London). In five years £51,778 have been distributed amongst the workmen in bonuses. Of this £44,845 has been invested, mostly in the company itself, by the men. The men receive a bonus of 1 per cent. for every penny reduction in the price of the gas. Under a sliding scale fixed by parliament, the company is empowered to increase its dividend in proportion as it lowers its prices. So satisfied are the directors with the profit-sharing scheme, that they now propose to increase the bonus to 1 1-2 per cent., on condition that one-half of it is left by way of investment in their hands."

Inter-State Fair.

For the Inter-State Fair at Tacoma, the steamer City of Kingston has made a round trip rate of $5.70, including two admissions to the fair.

Tickets on sale every Tuesday and Friday, from August 14th to October 30th inclusive, with final limit of twenty days from date of sale.

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agent N. P. R. R. Co.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Meeting of the Northfield Miners on Thursday.

Nanaimo, Sept. 1.—The annual meeting of the Northfield miners took place on Thursday, when Mr. S. M. Robins was present by special request. The finances of the medical fund was gone into and it was shown that it was sadly in arrears, so that a levy would have to be put next pay day. Mr. Robins was appealed to and that gentleman generously came to the aid of the men by making up the deficiency of $105. The committee expressed their gratefulness for the generous donation.

The shipments of coal for the past month show an increase of nearly 2,000 tons over that of July. The New Vancouver Coal company as usual heads the list with 20,243; Wellington, 16,343, and Union, 17,423, making a total if 54,009 tons.

The customs returns for the past month were as follows:

Duty collected	$4,527 95
Sick mariners dues	27 78
Total	$4,555 73
IMPORTS	
Goods free	$ 20 38
Goods dutiable	132 00
Total	$152 38

There was only a few at the meeting on Thursday evening in the Y. M. C. A. rooms, when the subject of re-organizing the infantry corps was discussed.

Dr. Walkem is selected to be the captain and it is sure to come to life again. Perhaps the provincial government will lend their services to the Doctor in carrying the scheme through.

A dense fog aided the smoke yesterday in making the atmosphere still more unpleasant in this city. It was impossible to see beyond a short distance.

A large party of sportsmen went out last night in order to have the first shot at the grouse. It will be rather dangerous walking in the district for the next few days.

Brief Locals.

—The church yard of the Anglican church at Cobble Hill was consecrated yesterday by the Lord Bishop of Columbia. There was a large crowd in attendance.

—The finance committee in connection with the coming celebration met last night but did no business. A number of the collectors reported that they were meeting with good success.

—The Laurier reception committee met last night and completed arrangements for receiving the opposition leader and party. Dr. Milne presided. It was decided that Mr. Laurier and friends should be the guests of the association while at the Driard. The public meeting will be held in the Market, which will be seated and decorated for the occasion. The date—which cannot be fixed until the day on which the party will arrive is known—will be announced in a few days. It will be either Monday, the 10th, or Tuesday, the 11th of September. On the following day a reception will be held at the residence and grounds of Dr. Milne, to which every person is invited. Seats will be reserved at the public meeting for ladies, and it is expected that a large number will avail themselves of the opportunity to hear one of the most eloquent of Canadian statesmen. Should the party arrive at Vancouver on Monday the Charmer—through the courtesy of Capt. Irving—will make a special trip to bring it to Victoria, and a deputation of Liberals will meet their leader at the city of Vancouver. On the evening of the second day Mr. Laurier and his friends will visit Saanich, going and returning via the Victoria & Saanich railway, and speaking in the agricultural hall. On the following day train will be taken for Nanaimo. Very liberal contributions have been received by the committee from citizens not allied with the party as well as from recognized Liberals. There is a feeling abroad that Mr. Laurier should receive in the first city of the province the welcome to which his great talents and clean record entitle him.

Don't buy a blood purifier because it is "cheap." The best—the superior medicine—Ayer's Sarsaparilla, is, in the end, the cheapest blood-purifier in the market. The ingredients of which it is composed are the most expensive and medically efficacious that can be obtained.

DON'T LET ANOTHER WASH-DAY GO BY WITHOUT USING

SUNLIGHT SOAP

YOU will find that it will do what no other soap can do, and will please you every way.

It is Easy, Clean, and Economical to wash with this soap.

Agents for British Columbia: BECKWITH, THOMPSON & KING, Victoria, B.C.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to procure pictures for the nursery. Sunlight Soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Orders for changes in the reading of advertisements must be handed in to the Times office before 10 a.m. to insure insertion the same day. New advertisements, displayed, will be received up to 3 p.m. and small ads. until 4 p.m. Merchants and other patrons will aid us a great deal by observing these rules, as the work of re-setting requires time and care, and cannot be done satisfactorily when the paper is being prepared for press.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B. C.

To the Electors: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote. J. W. MELLOR, Fort Street, Above Douglas.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—Oil stoves at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—During August 19 births, 26 marriages and 22 deaths were registered.

—Dr. S. G. Clemence, dentist, has removed to 98 Yates street, corner of Douglas. *

—We are selling some old curtains, etc., and the funny part of them is the price. Weiler Bros. *

—The W. C. T. U. and "Y" delegates to the Vancouver convention returned home last night.

—Four hundred cases of salmon were shipped to Sarnia, Ont., over the Northern Pacific yesterday.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—One dram of peroxide of hydrogen added to each gallon of water, it is stated, will effectually destroy all cholera and other germs.

—All who wish to join the school of instruction under militia general order No. 70 are requested to forward their names to headquarters.

—The Natural History society of British Columbia meets Monday, September 3rd at 8 p.m. in the library of the Provincial Parliament.

—Architect A. C. M. Keith, who drew up the plans for the building for the new electric light station, is calling for tenders for the erection of the building. The plans and specifications may be seen at the architect's office.

—Mrs. Scriven, wife of Ven. Archdeacon Scriven, yesterday received the sad news of the death of her father, William James Farrar, which occurred at Ramsgate, England, on August 12. The deceased was 74 years of age.

—The new I. O. O. F. lodge is making splendid progress. The roll, which is at the office of W. J. Hanna, has already 100 names and is constantly growing. The success of the lodge is now assured beyond the hopes of its projectors.

—Miss Kate Snider, daughter of William Snider, and Ambrose Adams, also of this city, were quietly married last evening by Rev. Dr. Campbell at the manse, 173 Pandora street. The ceremony was witnessed by a few immediate relatives and friends of the couple.

—A. C. Flumerfelt, Harry E. Connon, T. B. Hall, A. H. Scaife, Joshua Davies and F. Elworthy, of the Board of Trade, left last night on the City of Kingston for Tacoma where for a day or so they will represent Victoria at the Interstate Fair. They are empowered to arrange for an excursion from Victoria to Tacoma on Saturday and Sunday, September 15 and 16, and the reciprocal excursion will come here from Tacoma during the agricultural show.

—Stained glass windows for churches and dwellings are a highly important item in the decorative features of the edifice. Buildings are frequently spoiled by the injudicious treatment of the ornamental glass. To arrive at a satisfactory result one must select a firm whose reputation stands highest in this line. McCausland & Son, 68 King street west, Toronto, are the most experienced ornamental glass makers in Canada. They produce every style of art glass window known.

—A Port Townsend dispatch says: The war over shipping sailors on out-going vessels has broken again between the ship owners and Seamen's Union. A crew was brought down from Seattle and put aboard the bark Bonanza, bound to Africa yesterday by Capt. Garrison, the ship owners' agent. Three men from another crew were stolen from the vessel to-day. Capt. Stetson, of the Bonanza, says that Max Levy, a boarding house runner, and the Coast Seamen's Union's agents stole the men.

—The Post-Intelligencer of Friday says: Inspectors Snovers and Loftus last night arrested Jack Ford, as he was about to leave the steamer Rosalie, for having smuggled opium into Tacoma some time last January, and conveyed him to jail. He appeared before Commissioner Emery last evening, and was ordered to appear before the commissioner at Tacoma today. Shortly after Ford's disappearance inspector Snover was given a description of him, and has ever since kept a sharp look out for him. He took passage on the Rosalie at Victoria yesterday, and was recognized by the inspector. It is thought he has been in Australia since detected, and possibly thought the affair had blown over.

—The First Presbyterian church choir of this city believe in working, at least their leader does, for he has had them hard at work during the last two months rehearsing the beautiful cantata, "The May Queen," by Sir Sterndal Bennett. The soloists will be Mrs. McCandless, the May Queen (sop); Miss Wilson, The Queen (sop.); Mr. Firth, the lover (ten.); Mr. Brown, Robin Hood (bar). The choir, numbering thirty-five voices, will be on this occasion strengthened by members of other choirs kindly giving their assistance. The music is difficult but tuneful and the choruses are well in hand already, showing hard and careful work both on the part of choristers and conductor. It is proposed to produce this work about the 12th of September, but definite announcement will be made later. The cantata will take about an hour and a quarter's time, the remainder of the evening being devoted to a miscellaneous concert at which the following ladies and gentlemen will assist: Mrs. McCready, Miss Brown, Miss Wilson, Mr. Mitchell, Mr. Collister, Mr. Kinsaird and Mr. Brown. Past experience proves that when a really good entertainment is gotten up in Victoria that the patronage given is worthy of it, and so in the past with the First Presbyterian church choir affairs crowded houses have been the rule. In this case there is no question of the merit and a large audience will greet Mr. Brown and his choir.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Your child needs healthful exercise. We have swinging clubs and dumb bells. Wieler Bros., 51 to 55 Fort street. *

—H. M. S. Satellite arrived from Comox this morning and went alongside the naval yard dock for a general overhauling.

—J. Hanna, of the B. X. Ranch, Vernon, has been apointed quarantine inspector of fruit trees for Okanagan district.

—R. Porter & Sons have been awarded the contract to supply meats and vegetables to her majesty's ships at Esquimalt. *

—There was another thistle case in the city police court this morning. A conviction was secured and the usual fine of $5 imposed.

—A valuable shipment of land furs was forwarded to Minneapolis yesterday by McMillan & Co. It was shipped over the Northern Pacific.

—Mrs. Anna Elizabeth Burgess, stepmother of John and William Burgess of this city, died at Williamsburg, Ont., a few days ago on the 82nd anniversary of her birthday.

—Ah Chung, who failed to keep his back yard clean, was convicted before Magistrate Macrae this morning of a breach of the sanitary by-law, and was fined $5 with $2.50 costs.

—The public meeting for the discussion of the water question called for the Board of Trade rooms on the 4th has been changed to the city hall on the evening of the 5th. It is expected that it will prove a very interesting meeting, as the subject is one of vital importance.

—Harry Robertson, who is charged with robbing a Jap of $30, stated in police court this morning that he desired a lawyer to defend him and the case was put off until Tuesday to permit him to have his wish carried out. S. Perry Mills will probably appear for him on Tuesday.

—News was received here last night to the effect that the Province exploration party had arrived at Alberni on Monday last. Nothing concerning their trip from the north end of the island or anything beyond the fact of their arrival was received. They are to walk to Victoria from Alberni, and it is presumed that they are now well on their way on that part of their journey.

—During August the customs returns were reduced somewhat on account of the fact that no Chinese arrived. The returns are:

IMPORTS.

Free goods	$ 40,241 00
Dutiable	141,791 00
Total	$182,032 00
Duty collected	53,006 31

—The inland revenue returns for August follows:

Spirits	$ 6,852 58
Malt	2,132 44
Tobacco	3,070 25
Cigars	700 35
Methylated spirits	62 38
Inspection petroleum	67 55
Rent of land	5 00
Total	$13,859 55

—The officials in the city and government have been notified of the intended visit to this city of Prince Gregoire Galitzan, lieutenant-general in the Russian army and member of the council of the Russian empire. He is at present in Winnipeg, but is expected here inside of the next few weeks. The exact time of his arrival is not known but it is quite likely that he will be accorded a semi-official reception.

—Ald. Dwyer has a notice on the bulletin board at the city hall announcing his intention to introduce a by-law to amend the market by-law. It is stated that the amendments will include one to stop the baking and sale of bread short in weight. Other matters relating to the conducting of the public market will be dealt with in the new measure. The by-law will very likely have its first reading on Tuesday evening.

—James Hennessy and Gustav Anderson, who represented themselves as boatmen on the sealer E. B. Marvin, and got $66 worth of goods from M. Marks, a Store street clothier, were convicted in police court this morning and each sentenced to three months' imprisonment with hard labor. They asserted that Marks, in his enthusiasm to make a sale, had literally forced them to take the goods. They were not worth the money asked but the fact remained the prisoners had deceived Marks, and had given him a couple of fraudulent orders. The magistrate after sentencing the defendants turned to Marks and advised him not to go so far to get trade. The court also said no one would have sympathized with him if he had lost all his goods and the men had been let go on a technicality.

—There is now very little left of the forest fires and the fog that has been a great inconvenience to navigators is also fast disappearing. Last night there were half a dozen large steamers trying to make their way to and from the outer wharf and a great deal of care had to be exercised to prevent accidents. It took the steamer Umatilla over seven hours to make the trip over from Port Townsend. She got in as far as the San Pedro once and then went out almost to Race Rocks. Her time for leaving here for San Francisco was 8 o'clock but she did not get away until 11. The City of Topeka, bound for Alaska, also had some trouble in making her way through the fog. She remained at the outer wharf until ten o'clock this morning. Two colliers dropped their anchors off the harbor and remained until this morning. All the regular coasting steamers with the exception of the R. P. Rithet, have continued to run on time, although a little later in arriving. Conductor Coburn reports that all the fires along the line of the E. & N. railway are out.

"CORONAS," $4 per doz.
Former price $7, and a large
"CRAYON," $1.00.
"Coronas are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

—The charge against Eugene Aubere of having stolen a sum of money from a colored cook named Lafayette, was dismissed in police court this morning after a long hearing. There was no evidence against the accused and his accuser made a very unsatisfactory witness.

—A coroner's jury convened at Sidney yesterday, decided that the Indian whose body was found in the water yesterday morning had been accidentally drowned. It seems that a number of Indians returning from the Fraser River on the steamer Rithet got gloriously drunk at Sidney and one of them fell overboard.

—The sewerage work under the contracts recently awarded is being pushed by the contractors with a speed that is commendable. Already several sections of pipe have been laid on Courtenay street, and the work of filling in is commenced. The commissioners were around this morning inspecting the work.

—The city dentists met last evening to make arrangements for the fourth annual meeting of the Provincial Association to be held in this city on October 4th and 5th, exhibition week. Delegates will be here from Nanaimo and the Mainland. A long programme for the meetings and entertainments of delegates is being drafted.

THE QUEEN PROCEEDS NORTH

She Was Repaired on the Beach at Alert Bay and Continues Her Trip.

Full Pack of the Northern Canneries—Danube Arrives From the North.

The Alaska excursion steamer Queen, which a week ago was high and dry on Cormorant Island, in a position that many considered a very dangerous one, is now continuing her trip to Alaska. She remained on the beach at Alert bay where she had been placed for repairs, until Thursday morning when she was floated and again started for the north, what damage had been done to her hull by coming in contact with the rocks, being repaired by the crew with the assistance of Indians. The Danube, which arrived in port this morning, passed the Queen off Fort Rupert, the big steamer looking none the worse for her mishap. What damage was really done to the Queen will not be known until she returns here. Captain Carroll has displayed his usual amount of independence throughout the trouble. When his steamer was high and dry on the rocks he declined assistance from two steamers, one of them a government boat, and then agreed to remain on the beach until the Topeka returned with the material and apparatus for repairing the damage, but as soon as that boat left he commenced repairing the damage himself with what facilities he had at hand.

The stranding of the Queen has proved quite a boon to the people of Alert Bay, over $1000 having been paid out to Indians for labor, besides which Mr. Spencer has gathered the greater part of about 300 tons of coal which had been thrown over by the Queen to lighten her. At Fort Rupert a band of sheep and beef cattle had been roaming for years for want of a market. A number of these were disposed of at good figures to the Queen's steward.

The Danube brought down from northern points a large number of cabin passengers, 225 Indians, Chinamen and Jans and a big cargo of freight, consisting principally of salmon, of which there were 19,775 cases as follows: 3844 cases Federation Brand Canning Company, Naas River; 1582 cases North Pacific Packing Company, Skeena River; 4046 cases Inverness Canning Company, Skeena River; 1418 cases British American Packing Company, Skeena River; 5399 cases Royal Canadian Packing Company, Skeena River; 100 cases Alert Bay Canning Company; 3366 cases Windsor Canning Company, Skeena River; 38 barrels and 30 kits salmon, Balmoral Canning Company.

The canneries have all been closed for the season, the pack being as follows: Naas River—Federation Company, 20,000. Skeena River—Inverness, 8000; North Pacific, 9500; Aberdeen, 9500; Balmoral, 6500; British American Packing Company, 7500; Cunningham, 8500; Royal Canadian, 6500; Lowe Inlet—6500 and 9000; Rivers Inlet—Warnock, 12,700; British Columbia, 27,000; Alert Bay—2000. Total, 133,200.

Eastern Oysters.
Celebrated Eagle Oysters, fresh every steamer, now in stock. Dixi H. Ross & Co. *

WALTER BAKER & CO.
The Largest Manufacturers of PURE, HIGH GRADE COCOAS AND CHOCOLATES On this Continent, have received SPECIAL AND HIGHEST AWARDS on all their Goods at the CALIFORNIA MIDWINTER EXPOSITION.

Their BREAKFAST COCOA, Which, unlike the Dutch Process, is made without the use of Alkalies or other Chemicals or Dyes, is absolutely pure and soluble, and costs less than one cent a cup.
SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE.
WALTER BAKER & CO. DORCHESTER, MASS.

Labor Saved . . .
By using Findley's Soaps. Special attention is called to Findley's Borax Soap for washing flannel wear, they will not shrink or discolor, but be soft and white if washed by this soap.
. . . . WORKS: Cor. Herald and Govt. Sts.

The British Columbia
SUGAR REFINERY
...PRICE LIST...

Granulated, in Bbls., or 100 lb., bags	4¼c. per lb.
Yellow, according to quality	3¾ to 4½c. "
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags	5½c. "
Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6c. "

Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.
Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.
Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B. C. Sugar See That You Get It.
NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

COUPON. America Photographed. PART 20.
Bring or send this coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 19 of "America Photographed", will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

To be Minus a "Good Thing"
One that contributes to your comfort in these days is an error of judgment. This is a simple reminder that an exceptionally "good thing" exists in our
SMYRNA MATS
These are very comfortable and the price is a money saver for you.
WEILER BROS. 51 TO 55 FORT STREET.

Fashionable Ladies
All Recommend the Use of
BABY'S OWN SOAP
For softening the skin of face or hands and keeping it healthy and fresh.
There is nothing better either, for baby's soft skin. Beware of imitations.
THE ALBERT TOILET SOAP CO.,
Manufacturers, Montreal.

LIZARDS IN THE STOMACH.

A REPTILE SWALLOWED WHILE DRINKING IN THE DARK.

Excruciating Agony Suffered by Mrs. Westfall—Nerves Shattered, and Death Looked for as the Only Relief.

From the Trenton Courier.

The editor of the Courier having heard of this strange case of Mrs. Simon Westfall, made enquiry and learned the following facts:—Mrs. Westfall said that one evening some three years ago she went to the well and pumping some water drank a portion. As she did so she felt something go down her throat kicking and told her mother so at the time. Little she thought of the agony in store for her through drinking water from a pump in the dark, for a female lizard found its way into her stomach and brought forth a brood. After a while the sight of milk would make her tremble and she had to give it up. The disorder increased so that the very sight of milk would produce effects bordering on convulsions. She lost her appetite but would feel so completely gone at the stomach that she had to eat a cracker and take some barley soup frequently to quiet the disturbance within. She took medicine for dyspepsia and every known stomach disease, but got no relief. She changed doctors and the new doctor having had an experience of this nature before, gave her medicine to kill and expel the lizards. For three years the poor woman suffered all kinds of physical and mental agony. Her whole system, kidneys, liver and stomach were all out of order. Her heart would flutter and palpitate so faintly as to be imperceptible, and a smothering feeling would come over her, and it was often thought she had given her last gasp. Her memory was almost gone, her nerves shattered so that the least sudden movement would bring on collapse through extreme weakness. Sitting or standing she would be dizzy and experience most depressed feelings and lowness of spirits. After the removal of the reptiles the doctor sanctioned the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and she took three boxes and found no apparent relief. She then gave up their use, believing she was past the aid of medicine. At this time a Mrs. Haight who suffered twelve weeks with la grippe, and who was completely restored by taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, urged Mrs. Westfall to begin the use of Pink Pills again. She did so and soon she perceived their beneficial effects. Her appetite began to improve and for two months she has steadily gained strength, health and steadiness of nerve and memory. She can now do her household work and feels as well as ever. She says she cannot speak as highly of Pink Pills as she would like to, and feels very grateful for the great good resulting from the use of this wonderful medicine.

Mrs. Haight, before referred to, is enthusiastic over her own perfect recovery from the after effects of la grippe, feeling as well as ever she did in her life. She also corroborates the above statement regarding Mrs. Westfall's cure.

These pills are a positive cure for all troubles arising from a vitiated condition of the blood or shattered nervous system. Sold by all dealers or by mail, from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y., at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50. There are numerous imitations and substitutions against which the public is cautioned.

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

The Way Opened to General Resumption of Business.

New York, Aug. 25, 1894.—The past week has afforded a fair specimen of the sort of effects the end of tariff suspense has in store for Wall Street. The feeling is that of universal relief from a universal obstruction. The way has been opened to a resumption of trade and enterprise in every direction; and in all interests there is a disposition to resume operations on something approaching a normal state. There are no longer any great fears, nor any reasons for timidity, overhanging the markets. In every branch of trade, stocks and merchandise are in a starved condition; and the reasons which have for fifteen months caused buyers to pursue a policy of hand-to-mouth supply are disappearing. As a rule, prices of merchandise are unprecedently low; so that if the purchasing ability of consumers has been lessened, the difficulty is offset by a proportionate reduction in the costs of living and the amount of outlays at large. Credits, as a rule, are in a sound and wholesome condition; so that the merchant who desires to enlarge his stock and extend his trade can have the needful time facilities, and at exceptionally low rates of interest.

These conditions certainly lay the basis for a sound and healthy revival of business. There is in the intrinsic state of affairs little to suggest misgivings as to the future; there is, on the contrary, much calculated to establish confidence in a continuous steady, stable and conservative course of trade. The country has learned some serious lessons and therefore is disposed to be sober; but it is also very hungry for more trade and better profits, and is therefore disposed to turn to active account every chance for improving both. For the last four years, the perception of a coming change in our tariff policy has had a more repressing effect upon enterprise than is generally supposed, and the fact that that change has at last come, with little prospects of its being much disturbed for some years to come, prepares the way for many long postponed undertakings. The fact of the common cheapness of materials and of the quiet general reduction of wages has a very direct tendency to invite revival in certain important branches of trade, especially those connected with building, machine plant, public improvements and railroads. How far the reduced scale of prices and the exemption of raw materials from duty may enable us to increase our export trade remains to be seen; in the meantime, however, it is a hopefully significant fact that last year's reduction in values was attended by an increase in our exports of $38,000,000, as compared with the year 1892-93.

The recovery that now seems to be setting in is something broader than a revival from the effects of last year's panic. That crisis, though immediately incident to the great silver fright, embraced also the effects of the deeper derangements that set in with the great Baring suspension, and of which that failure was but a symptom. Those derangements were largely in the nature of over-production, over-speculation, over-trading, and were world-wide in their influence, and their effects still continue in the persistent depression of trade in every European nation. If the recovery from these four years of reaction first makes its appearance in the United States, it is nothing more than might be expected from the greater resiliency of our resources and from the fact that we have been less intimately connected with the disturbing causes than have other countries. It is reasonable to hope, however, that the recovery on this side the Atlantic will tend to stimulate improvements on the other side; and thus it may quite possibly happen that the foreign markets, both commercial and financial, will respond to the improving tendency in our own.

The foregoing are the sort of conditions and prospects that are looming up to the vision of Wall street observers, and it cannot be questioned that they are producing a very decided impression upon the confidence and expectations of investors and speculative operators. The "bears" have retired into their lairs, and buying has extended beyond the industrial stocks to which it has been so largely confined, and has become general on the railroad list. From the number of new buyers that are appearing it seems likely that the recovery may run into a considerable and sustained advance in prices, even beyond that which has already been realized. There is a large amount of idle funds lying around in all directions, for which the owners have not yet found permanent source of employment; and this capital is now coming into the market for transient investment in securities which are considered good for a rise. This is a solid source of support for the new tendency; and it seems likely to be continuel for some time—the more so because the interest obtainable in other ways still continues unsatisfactory. Under these circumstances, we cannot hesitate to commend the market to our friends as one favorable for buying on all pronounced reactions.

HENRY CLEWS.

A RUSSIAN TROUSSEAU.

Plenty of Finery Supplied for Royal Brides—Reckless Extravagance.

When a Russian grand duchess is married, her trousseau is something to behold. There is nothing skimpy about the Czar's wedding outfit for his daughter; indeed, its lavishness borders on reckless extravagance. It even astonishes those accustomed to seeing the generous trousseaux of royal brides, for it required a whole floor of the Sampson palace for its display. One room of this beautiful palace was wholly devoted to the priceless furs, mostly the finest black sables, which the Imperial parents had provided for their daughter, in the form of linings, trimmings, capes, boas, and such devices. A rich cloak of emerald green velvet, lined throughout with this costly fur, with a huge collar of the same turning back and crossing over the front, and a long court train of purple velvet, lined and deeply bordered with ermine, which Imeperial ladies wear over their shoulders at the wedding ceremony, and a pretty driving cape, also of ermine, reaching below the waist, were the stars in this fur display. Sumptuousness could go no further, it would seem, but these furs are to last a lifetime, and their preservation is entrusted to special attendants of the wardrobe, who are responsible for their safety. The Russian court dresses filled another room, and among them was the bridal robe, entirely of cloth of silver, richly embroidered, with long hanging sleeves and an immense train, with which is worn the Russian koko-jink on the head, a kind of velvet coronet, sparkling with gems, and a long tulle veil. It is no small joke to be a bride anyhow, but a Russian bride must find the weight of all this splendour more than she can endure, especially when it is worn in the summer time.—Boston Herald.

If the hair is falling out, or turning grey, requiring a stimulant with nourishing and coloring food, Hall's Vegetable Sicilian Hair Renewer is just the specific.

Give the Babies Nestlé's Food

It avoids the danger of using Impure Milk.
It keeps Baby free from Cholera Infantum.
The best doctors in the world recommend it.
Consult your own doctor.
Samples on application. Thos. Leeming & Co. Montreal.

Trafalgar Institute.
(Affiliated to McGill University.)
No. 83 Simpson Street, Montreal.
— FOR THE —
Higher Education of Young Women
With elementary department for girls between 10 and 14.
President, Rev. James Barclay, D.D.
Vice-President, Mr. A. T. Drummond.
Principal, Miss Grace Fairley, M.A., Edinburgh.
The Institute will re-open with an efficient staff of twelve resident and visiting teachers, on
Tuesday, 11th September 1894.
The Institute buildings are situated on the mountain side overlooking the City. The spacious grounds are attractively laid out and the surroundings are not only beautiful but very healthful.
For copy of Prospectus and other information apply to the principal, at the Institute, or to
A. F. Riddell, Secretary, 22 St. John St., Montreal.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act and amending Acts notice is hereby given that by indenture dated and executed on the 27th day of August, 1894, by Eli Beam, of 130 St. Catharine street, in the city of Victoria, contractor, the said Eli Beam granted and assigned his real and personal property to John Fullerton, of 103 Government street, in the said city of Victoria, boot and shoe merchant, in trust for the creditors of the said Eli Beam.

John Fullerton executed the deed and accepted the trust thereby created on the 27th day of August, 1894.

All persons indebted to the said Eli Beam are requested to pay such indebtedness forthwith to the said trustee and every person having any claim against the said Eli Beam must prove such claim and sell vouchers of same to the said trustee within one month from this date, after which date the said trustee will distribute the assets of the estate, having regard only to claims so sent in.

A meeting of the creditors will be held on Tuesday, the 4th day of September, at 2:30 p.m., at the office of the undersigned.

S. PERRY MILLS, 46 Langley St.
Solicitor for the trustee. aug28-1mo

A Racking Cough

Cured by Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Mrs. P. D. Hall, 217 Genessee St., Lockport, N. Y., says:

"Over thirty years ago, I remember hearing my father describe the wonderful curative effects of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. During a recent attack of La Grippe, which assumed the form of a catarrh, soreness of the lungs, accompanied by an aggravating cough, I used various remedies and prescriptions. While some of these medicines partially alleviated the coughing during the day, none of them afforded me any relief from that spasmodic action of the lungs which would seize me the moment I attempted to lie down at night. After ten or twelve such nights, I was

Nearly in Despair,

and had about decided to sit up all night in my easy chair, and procure what sleep I could in that way. It then occurred to me that I had a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I took a spoonful of this preparation in a little water, and was able to lie down without coughing. In a few moments, I fell asleep, and awoke in the morning greatly refreshed and feeling much better. I took a teaspoonful of the Pectoral every night for a week, then gradually decreased the dose, and in two weeks my cough was cured."

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Prompt to act, sure to cure

Argyle House.

Special Bargains

A big lot of Children's Handkerchiefs, 25c. per doz.
Ladies' White Hemstiched Handkerchiefs, 5c. each.
A few more pairs of Children's Cotton Stockings at 10c. a pair.
We are still selling all our single width Dress Goods at cost price.
White Lace Curtains Taped and Scalloped, 50c. per pair.
Unbleached Sheeting, 2 yards wide, 20c. per yard.
White Sheeting, 20c. per yard.
White Quilts, 90c. each.
White Damask Tabling, 40c. per yard.
Toweling, 14 yards for $1.
Art Muslins, 12 yards for $1.
Apron Linen, 10c. per yard.

J. Horner & Co.
88 DOUGLAS STREET.

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. ROENIG, Proprietor.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN.)
Removed to 199 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Plumerfelt, Gorge Road.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The Scenic and Popular Route to the East. Running through Sleepers and Tourist Cars to

MONTREAL, BOSTON, TORONTO, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS,

WITHOUT CHANGE

For rates and all information apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent, Victoria, B. C.
Or to
GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. & Pass. Agent, Vancouver, B. C.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry G. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks, Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 KNOTS	Victoria Route. S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."					TONNAGE 1117
8 30 pm	Lv	M1	...	*Victoria...	110	Ar 4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	32	Pt.	Townsend	72	Lv 1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...	Seattle....	28	Lv 10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	..	*Tacoma...	M1	Lv 8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.
* Daily except Monday.
R. R. BLACKWOOD, Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B.C.
A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Gen. Pass. Agent, 121 First street, Washington, Portland, Or.

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a.m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to
C. A. BATTRAY, General Agent, No. 72 Government Street.
F. I. WHITNEY, Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt., St. Paul, Minnesota.

HONOLULU, by O. S. S. CO. ONLY SEVEN DAYS!

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco
FOR HONOLULU ONLY
S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, September 29th, 1894, at 2 p.m.
For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change
The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa Thursday, September 20, at p.m.
Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.
J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.
or W. WEBSTER, District Agent. H. E. CONNON, Agent, Beacon Square, Victoria.
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer
Every 5 days for San Francisco
Carrying Her Majesty's Mails
FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.
City of Puebla - - Sept. 5
R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,
(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 23.
Taking effect June 28th, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.
Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 15:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)
For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.
Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.
For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.
JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.
To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 17th, 1893.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. STATIONS.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.
WELLINGTON Lv	8 30 a M	3 00 p M	
NANAIMO Ar	12 15 p M	7 45 "	47
NANAIMO Lv	12 35 "	7 55 "	
CHEMAINUS	1 24 "	8 46 "	64
OYSTER BAY	1 44 "	9 06 "	
DUNCANS	1 57 "	9 19 "	
KOKSILAH	2 05 "	9 27 "	
MOUNTAIN	2 11 "	9 33 "	
SHAWNIGAN	2 18 "	9 40 "	
COBBLE HILL	2 28 "	9 50 "	
COWICHAN	2 35 "	9 57 "	
SAHTLAM	2 40 "	10 02 "	
QUAMICHAN	2 45 "	10 07 "	
GLENORA	2 51 "	10 13 "	
COBBLE HILL	2 57 "	10 19 "	
SOOKE	3 15 "	10 37 "	
GOLDSTREAM	3 25 "	10 47 "	
RUSSELLS	3 35 "	10 57 "	
ESQUIMALT	3 45 "	11 07 "	
VICTORIA Ar	3 50 P M	11 12 "	
VICTORIA Lv	9 00 A M	2 00 P M	

NORTH BOUND. STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Fri.'s Sat.'s & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.
VICTORIA Lv	9 30 A M	3 05 P M	
ESQUIMALT	9 40 "	3 15 "	
RUSSELLS	9 50 "	3 25 "	
GOLDSTREAM	9 59 "	3 34 "	
SOOKE	10 09 "	3 44 "	
COBBLE HILL	10 27 "	4 02 "	
GLENORA	10 33 "	4 08 "	
QUAMICHAN	10 39 "	4 14 "	
SAHTLAM	10 44 "	4 19 "	
COWICHAN	10 49 "	4 24 "	
COBBLE HILL	10 56 "	4 31 "	
SHAWNIGAN	11 06 "	4 41 "	
MOUNTAIN	11 13 "	4 48 "	
KOKSILAH	11 19 "	4 54 "	
DUNCANS	11 27 "	5 02 "	
OYSTER BAY	11 35 "	5 10 "	
CHEMAINUS	11 55 "	5 30 "	
NANAIMO Ar	12 45 P M	6 22 "	47
NANAIMO Lv	1 00 "		
WELLINGTON Ar	1 20 P M		

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncan's or Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER **JOAN**
J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m. Lv....SPOKANE....Ar. 5,30 p.m.

Commencing January 8, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.
VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
135 Government Street.
Private entrance for Pandora Street.
Business strictly confidential.

Y. M. C. A.

Eleventh Annual Convention Being Held in Seattle.

The eleventh annual convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of the Pacific Northwest opened at Seattle on Thursday. The hall was crowded with delegates, members and friends of the association. A praise service led by Rev. Clark Davis preceded the calling of the convention to order at ten o'clock by James A. Dummett, the travelling secretary, in the absence of the president of the last convention.

A committee on nominations reported the following for officers and all were elected. Namely:

President, Charles L. Fay, of Portland; first Vice-President, Professor Wallace H. Lee of Albany; second Vice-President, T. M. Henderson, of Victoria; third Vice-President, Judge W. D. Wood of Seattle; Secretary, Walter C. Paige of Salem; Assistant Secretary, O. H. Calkins of New Whatcom; Press Secretary, George H. Himes of Portland.

The annual report of the executive committee for the past year was made by J. Thornburn Ross of Portland, chairman, through Professor Lee, Mr. Ross being detained at home. The report gave a careful review of the year's doings, and paid a deserved tribute to the zeal, efficiency and self-denial of Traveling Secretary James A. Dummett and Mrs. Dummett, who had greatly assisted in clerical work. In conclusion the following recommendations were made:

That the executive committee be authorized to employ a travelling secretary and provide such office furniture as may be approved by the executive committee, and that the present line of work be continued.

That the convention authorize the raising of at least $2500 for the work of the ensuing year; that every association make a definite pledge, and that personal pledges from all members and friends be obtained to supplement this amount.

We renew our recommendation concerning the sympathetic observance of the week of prayer for young men, and urge upon all our associations the importance of taking up a thank-offering for the work of the international committee.

We belive it wise in connection with our college work to hold the coming year a college conference in Western Washington similar to those held the past three years in Oregon.

That the district work, including the district conferences, "Young Men's Sundays," and securing of correspondence be pushed during the coming year.

That an invitation be extended at the coming International convention to be held in Springfield, Mass., this coming spring to hold the Internation convention of 1897 with one of the Pacific Northwest associations.

That the minutes of this convention be referred to the executive committee for revision and publication, together with such tables, reports, etc., as shall make the volume a year book of our work.

John W. Gwilt, treasurer of the committee, made his report, showing receipts of $1068.72, and disbursements of $1068.68, and all bills paid.

A number of interesting papers were read at both Thursday's and Friday's sessions.

SHE IS STILL WELL.

Many People Thought That Mrs. Reany's Recovery Was Only Temporary—A Pleasant Disappointment—She is Better Than Ever.

Shelburne, Aug. 27.—When Mrs. Reany's letter appeared in a local paper here some time ago, giving a history of her long illness and final cure of kidney disease by Dodd's kidney pills, many readers thought her improvement only temporary. All such have been most successfully contradicted, as a letter lately received here from Mrs. Reany states that she has all along been gaining in general health since her kidneys were restored to a sound state, and that for many years she has not enjoyed such good health and spirits. Mrs. Reany, therefore, still pins her faith to Dodd's Kidney Pills and recommends them as strongly as ever to afflicted members of her sex.

CANADIAN NEWS.

News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Many rumors have been current in Winnipeg regarding the revival of the Hudson's Bay railway scheme. It is understood that Messrs. Mann & Holt, the old contractors, still have a claim of $150,000 or $160,000 against the road which can only be realized on if the road is reorganized and pushed forward. These gentlemen are in Winnipeg with Mr. Mackenzie, of Toronto, and have been holding informal interviews with the local government regarding the road.

A young Englishman named Wellington arrived at Winnipeg, having driven all the way from Calgary in a light covered wagon. The time occupied was one month and three days.

The weekly report of the Northern Pacific agents throughout the province of Manitoba is better this week than ever before and indicates that the crops are turning out better than expected, while the weather has been all that could be desired. Grain is a much larger yield than had been estimated.

The C. P. R. has reduced the rates on produce on its Edmonton branch.

A woman accomplice of the robbers along the north shore of Lake Superior has been sentenced to three years' imprisonment. She was caught by the police of Winnipeg.

The depression which resulted in a very serious falling off in the earnings of the Canadian Pacific railway for the past six months, was never noticeable in the local traffic, which has been remarkably good throughout the spring and summer. It was the freight and long distance travelling that told the sad story.

It is understood the Government has decided to make the channel in Lake St. Louis, starting at Lachine wharf, of a depth of sixteen feet with a width in proportion until deep water is reached. This will enable steamers for points along the lake to avoid the great circuit now necessary. The estimated cost of the work is $300,000.

Mrs. Jane Lyon Mackenzie, eldest sister of Hon. George Brown, is dead. She had been a resident of New York city for the past fifty years and her body will be taken there for burial.

A section of the French-Canadian press in Montreal is indignant at what it calls an outrage on the part of the authorities who have charge of the provincial exhibit at Quebec. The difficulty lies in the fact that the French flag is not given official recognition. The Patrie says: "We ask all exhibitors to exact that the tri-color flag is made to float over the exhibition buildings, and to withdraw rather than abide by the dictates of a pedantic official who is ashamed of being a Frenchman. Let there be no exhibition rather than allow France to be insulted. Therefore, if there is then a fiasco, the people of Quebec will know whom to blame."

Burglars blew open a safe at the Canadian Pacific station at Ayr and secured $40. They fired at the watchman, who returned the fire.

Charles Hyman, ex-M. P., left London to join Mr. Laurier and party at Winnipeg on Monday, when he will speak at a demonstration there. Mr. Hyman will accompany Mr. Laurier to the Pacific coast.

Edward Ryan, painter, formerly of Toronto, and W. Weaver, who claims to come from Glencoe, were arrested at Windsor charged with manufacturing counterfeit money in their room. In their quarters were found moulds, melting pots, etc.

Anxiety is felt at Chatham for the safety of D. M. Prittie, barrister, and Geo. F. Rispin, of that place, and Arthur Northwood, modern language master of the Ottawa college, who left about three weeks ago on a canoe trip on the Georgian bay. Nothing has been heard of them since the 20th inst.

At Osgood Hall on Saturday the petition of R. E. Foy against James Conmee who was defeated for West Algoma by J. M. Savage at the late elections, was filed. Personal charges are made and Conmee's disqualification for eight years is asked for.

Workmen engaged in excavating for the foundation of a factory, to be built on Duke street, Toronto, exhumed the body of an officer of the Eighth King's Own Regiment, which had been interred in 1812.

Col. Lindsay, of the Twenty-first battalion of St. Thomas, has been appointed commander of the Seventh battalion of London. The position has been vacant for months.

Dr. Selwyn, F.R.G.S., who has made all arrangements for continuing the explorations for coal oil in the Athabasca region, has returned to Ottawa where he will have samples of the various strata found at or about every 100 feet sent to him. In this way he will be able to superintend the work and know what is being done as well as though he were there himself. When the party are through boring at the Landing a test of natural gas will be made at Winnipeg.—Edmonton Bulletin.

South Norfolk Conservatives have renominated Col. Tisdale for the commons.

Musquash village, in St. John county, N. B., is excited over the kidnapping of the 15-year-old daughter of a respectable farmer named Crawford. A strange man drove up to the house in a carriage while the parents were out, and induced the girl to go with him. There is no clue to the abductor.

Summer Heat.

This is the season for bowel complaints. Green apples and cucumbers produce them, and Perry Davis' PAIN-KILLER cures them. To the troubled stomach it comes like a balm. The wind is assuaged and the trouble ceases. Every druggist in the land keeps the PAIN-KILLER, and no father should be without it in his family. New Big Bottle 25c.

MOTHERS

Always Obtain Grand Results from Lactated Food.

It has Saved Thousands of Infant Lives.

"Ye shall know them by their works." The various brands of infant foods now before the mothers of Canada are best judged by their works—their results.

The vast majority of prepared foods are faulty in composition, and as a consequence their results are evil.

For years it has been noted that Lactated Food possessed important and necessary elements that other foods lacked. Lactated Food in its composition embraces every element that tends to the babe's growth and development. It is a preventive of summer complaints, and invariably keeps up strength and vitality.

When babies are teething, and when the infant appetite is capricious, it is found that Lactated Food is taken with a relish.

Lactated Food is within every mother's reach, and is so inexpensive that no mother ever had a real excuse for not using it. Lactated Food "saves babies' lives."

Arsenic and quinine are dangerous drugs to accumulate in one's system, and it is to be hoped that these poisons, as a remedy for ague, have had their day. Ayer's Ague Cure is a sure antidote for the ague, is perfectly safe to take, and is warranted to cure.

Smoke Derby Plug Smoking Tobacco. Made only by D. Ritchie & Co., the only organized "Union" Plug Tobacco Factory in Canada.

Derby Plug

"UNION" MAKE.

IT'S SALES ARE

BIG!

Why not try

WYETH'S MALT EXTRACT?

Doctors highly recommend it to those

Who are run down;
Who have lost appetite;
Who have difficulty after eating;
Who suffer from nervous exhaustion;
And to Nursing Mothers,
as it increases quantity and improves quality of milk.

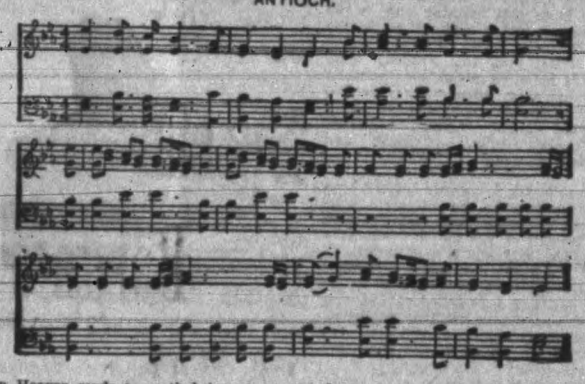
PRICE, 40 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

"I AM A NEW MAN."

The Positive Declaration of Mr. William Wilson, of of Mimico, Ont.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND SAVES ANOTHER LIFE.

ANTIOCH.



When Heaven sends to earth below
A med'cine honest, true;
'Tis meet that all the cured should show
Just what this boon can do.

I thank God that in time of pain
And suffering severe,
I was informed how I might gain
New life, and strength, and cheer.

My shoulders pain'd each day and hour,
My limbs were weak and frail;
My nervous system lack'd in power,
My cheeks were wan and pale.

In agony I lay each day,
Enough to make one weep;
While suff'ring o'er me held its sway,
I could not rest or sleep.

The doctors failed my case to cure;
Relief I could not gain;
And nostrums, label'd safe and sure,
I swallowed oft in vain.

When clouds of doubt, and dread, and fear
Did darkly hover round;
'Twas then I heard those words of cheer,
Paine's Celery Compound.

With faith I used the Compound great,
Its virtues quick did show;
Two bottles dragged me from a state
Of misery and woe.

Then, full of hope, I still did use
Paine's Celery Compound,
Determined that I should not lose
The strength that I had found.

To-day, in body and in mind
I am renewed quite;
I'm sure that others too will find
Results that give delight.

I'd say to every suff'ring soul,
Use Celery Compound,
And you will quickly reach the goal
Where health and strength are found.

BLUEFIELDS PRISONERS.

Naval Officers Did not Try to Prevent Arrests.

New Orleans, La., Aug. 31.—The steamship Rover arrived from Bluefields to-night and brings the first news of the transportation of American and English prisoners to Greytown, whence they were sent to Managua. It also brought the Marblehead and Columbia to the navy department. The first mate of the Rover, Edward Thompson, gave the following news from there. He said: "The English man-of-war left Bluefields the day before the transportation, leaving the Columbia alone to protect the prisoners and prevent their transportation. At the present time, when the policy of the American foreign office is known nothing could have suited the English better than to see American sailors rescue the phisoners, English and American both, and possibly bombard the town, and in such a way accomplish two purposes, that is, the liberation of the English subjects in the hands of the Spaniards and the collapse of the American canal scheme in Central America. This may be considered the truest explanation of why the English captain left Bluefields at the most critical time, while pretending to be on the lookout to intercept the prisoners should an attempt be made to take them to Greytown, when he could have accomplished the same purpose much easier in Bluefields waters."

From Mr. Thompson's statements there is not the slightest doubt left that everybody on board the Columbia as well as all on board the steamer Rover, knew the exact hour when the prisoners were put on board the steamer Yulu. When the Spaniards passed, signals were exchanged with the American man-of-war. All who could be there were on board witnessing, with fury in their hearts, the Yulu passing with the prisoners toward Greytown. Mr. Thompson says that several hours before the Yulu left for Greytown Captain Sumner was informed of the intention of the Spaniards and could have acted in the matter if he had wished to do so, but probably having instructions from our foreign office he could do nothing. It is the opinion in Nicaragua that the Nicaragua canal company's concession is, to a certain extent, responsible for the failure of the American government to display a firmer foreign policy.

The present situation in Bluefields is as deplorable as ever. Indians and Jamaican negroes are daily arrested and nobody is certain of his life and property, expecting every hour to be imprisoned on some frivolous charge. It is the present opinion in Bluefields that the property of all foreigners who may have been banished from Nicaragua, or who have left on their own account, will be confiscated by the government. At the time the Rover left Bluefields the Columbia had left for Port Limon and the Marblehead had just arrived. The steamer Yulu came back from Greytown next evening after leaving Bluefields, bringing news that Captain Stuart, of the English man-of-war had arrived at Greytown and visited the prisoners at the Greytown prison.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. tu&w

BY-LAW.

A By-Law to enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to raise the sum of $150,000 for Water Works Purposes.

Whereas it is expedient and necessary to raise a sum of money for extending and improving the supply of water of the water works of the city of Victoria to the inhabitants thereof, and for that purpose to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the said city the sum of $150,000.

And whereas it will require the sum of $7734 to be raised annually by rate for the payment of the new debt and interest.

And whereas the whole ratable land and improvements or real property of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria, according to the last revised assessment roll for the year 1894, is $15,559,370.00

And whereas it will require an annual rate of one-half of one mill in the dollar for paying such new debt and interest;

And whereas this by-law shall not be altered or repealed except with the consent of the lieutenant-governor-in-council.

Be it therefore enacted that the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $150,000 currency (or sterling money, at the rate of 4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling), and to cause all sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation, for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of $150,000 either in currency (or sterling money at the rate of 4.86 2-3 dollars to the one pound sterling) as may be required, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate aforesaid, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof.

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall bear date the 1st day of October, 1894, and shall be made payable in fifty years from the said date at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be designated therein, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signatures to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed or lithographed.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent, per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be expressed in the debentures and coupons.

Sec. 5. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause the said debentures and the interest coupons, either or both, to be made payable at such place, either in Great Britain, the United States of America, or the Dominion of Canada, as may be desired.

Sec. 6. For the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the interest on the said debentures during their currency, there shall be raised annually the sum of $6,750, and for the purpose of raising annually a certain specific sum for the payment of the debt at maturity, there shall be raised annually the sum of $985.

Sec. 7. The said annual sums in the next preceding paragraph mentioned shall be raised and levied in each year by a rate sufficient therefor on all the ratable land or improvements or real property in the Municipality of the said Corporation of the City of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 8. That it shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council from time to time to purchase any of the said debentures, and such debentures shall be so expressed as to entitle the said Council to redeem and purchase the same on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years from the date of issuance of the said debentures.

Sec. 9. This by-law shall, before the final passage thereof, receive the assent of the electors of the said Corporation in the manner provided for by the Municipal Act, 1892, and amendments thereto, and shall take effect on the 1st day of October 1894.

Sec. 10. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as the "Water Works Loan By-law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th day of August, 1894.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the Municipality will be taken at the Public Market Building, Cormorant St., for the North Ward; at Barnes' building Bastion Square, for Central ward; and at the building known as No. 27 Government St (east side), for South ward, on Tuesday, the 11th day of September next, and that the polls will be kept open between the hours of 8 a.m. and 4 p.m.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., August 28th, 1894.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

NEW FALL GOODS ARRIVING DAILY!

B. WILLIAMS & CO.,
CLOTHIERS and HATTERS,
97 JOHNSON STREET.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Events of the Day Among Amateurs and Professionals.

THE WHEEL.

ZIMMERMAN PROTESTS.

Paris, Aug. 31.—The Nancy bicycle prize, 3000 metres, was won at the Buffalo Velodrome this evening by Harris. Banker was second. Zimmerman, the American champion, tried to beat Tyler's record for a mile with a flying start, but failed. His time was 2 minutes 15 4-5 seconds. Forman won the 15 kilometre race, as Zimmerman refused to ride. The American champion said that the time-keeper was doing his work dishonestly and that no fair awards could be expected until he was dismissed. In a subsequent interview Zimmerman said he believed that the time-keeper had been bribed to take the time improperly. The crowd was greatly disappointed by Zimmerman's failure to contest the race, and wrisled and called for 30 or 40 minutes. Eventually Zimmerman came out and tried a mile against time. He did it in two minuts 8-15 seconds.

THE TURF.

BROKE ALL RECORDS.

Fort Wayne, Ind., Aug. 31.—C. J. Hamlin's wonderful pacer, "Robert J.," achieved imperial honors here to-day, dethroning Nancy Hanks and smashing her 2:04 record. He was sent against his record of 2:04 1-2 at the Fort Wayne driving club and finished the mile in 2:03 3-4, the greatest record in the history of light harness racing. This crowns him king of the turf.

EXPENSIVE HORSES.

Sheepshead Bay Track, Sept. 1.—The sale to dissolve the entire partnership interests of Leigh and Rose took place in the paddock to-day. Among the horses sold was where she has been engaged in the study of Duchess, R. L. Rose, $25,000; Ducat B H Four by Imp Deceiver, out of Jennie Flood, E. Corrigan, $10,000.

THE RING.

FEATHERWEIGHTS FIGHT.

Peoria, Ills., Sept. 1.—"Kid" Loyd, of Peoria, was knocked out by Joe Bertrand, of Oregon, in a prize fight in one round yesterday. Loyd received a blow over the heart which knocked him out so effectually that he did not come to his senses for nearly an hour. Both are featheweights.

LACROSSE.

THE GAME ON MONDAY.

The following will compose the James Bay team to play against the Stars on Monday (Labor Day) at Caledonia grounds: goal, L. Netherby; point, W. Greenfield; cover point, G. Sulder; first defence, A. Smith; second defence, W. Stephen; third defence, W. Bland; centre, J. Murray; third home, E. Marshall; second home, J. Bland; first home, P. Schouter; inside home, J. Miller; outside home, F. Smith.

The Star lacrosse team for the game which will decide which team shall play the Mainland's team for the intermediate championship of British Columbia is as follows: Goal, S. Norman; point, J. Patrall; cover point, R. Finlayson; 1st defence, A. Finlayson; 2nd defence, W. Clark; 3rd defence, J. Braden; centre, R. Campbell; 3rd home, D. Sinclair; 2nd home, H. Cooley; 1st home, T. Norman; outside home, G. Rookledge; inside home, L. Campbell; sub., C. McNeill.

YACHTING.

YESTERDAY'S RACE.

Darmouth, Aug. 31.—After Handsomely vanquishing the biggest of England's crack cutters, the Satanita, over half the course of the Royal Darmouth Yacht Club, the Vigilant lost the prize through the decision of the regatta committee. It was certainly a race in the British acceptance of the terms as there is no time limit on yachting contests on this side of the ocean. It was Vigilant's weather in the opinion of the English experts. A light, north-easter barely ruffled the surface of the channel, bringing with it a mist that gave the fleet in the offing a special aspect, and there were throngs from all over England to see the Vigilant's first duel with Mr. Clarke's yatch. The contest was for prizes of $250 and $150, under the auspices of the Royal Dartmouth Yatch Club. From east of Blackstone to the home mark, it was a broad reach with the wind abaft the starboard beam. It was becoming apparent to everybody that unless there should be a decided change in the force of the wind, which was only of moderate strength, the Santanita would be beaten by more than half an hour. Reaching and beating in light weather evidently is not the Santanita's forte. Thus at the Skerries buoy the sloop was 16 minutes and 40 seconds ahead. Time, Vigilant, 12:55; Satanita, 1:11:40.

The Vigilant here ran into a calm streak, while the Santanita held the breeze until she passed Newstone, about a mile from the starting point. The Vigilant was far in the lead. At this point the committee decided to call the race off. It is surmised that the decision was somewhat influenced by the fact that the Satanita had no chance to win. In regard to the conflict of the 40 raters, the committee have a different opinion. It was stated that the 40 rater that was ahead at the end of the second round should be declared the winner.

REGATTA AT SEATTLE.

Following are the entries for the Elliott Bay Yatch Club races at Seattle next Monday: First class—Linda, sailed by J. M. Johnson; Rainier, by W. C. Hellborn; Edna N., by R. R. Spencer; Foam, by McLeod; Josephine, by James Kelley, of Everett; Storm King, by Messrs. Whitney and Montandan, of Everett. Second Class—Truant, Port Blakely; Doris, Elliott Bay Yatch Club; Tyee, Elliott Bay Yatch Club; Chet, H. F. Alctatore; Azalia, Mr. Chilberg. Third Class—Esde Titteil, Elliott Bay Yatch Club; Galatea, Elliott Bay Yatch Club; Petrel; Clark Bartlett; Nautilla, Elliott Bay Yatch Club; Lurline, Elliott Bay Yatch Club; Nellie, Elliott Bay Yatch Club. Fourth Class—Bremerton, Elliott Bay Yatch Club; Shoo Fly, Elliott Bay Yatch Club.

AMERICA'S CUP.

London, Sept. 1.—The Field says this morning: "We understand that Lord Dunraven and the yachtsmen associatei with him are desirous that the next contest for the America's cup be sailed off Newport instead of New York, in order to avoid excursion steamers. Another point to be asked for is that the challenger should not be required to name the yacht till the close of the English races, so that in case of two or more being built the best can be selected. This is in accord with the proposed Victoria cup arrangement, as long as the dimensions, sailing length, etc., are adhered to. Another point for decision relates to the length of the load line and the measurement with the crew aboard. It is thought that the eighty-foot load line should not be exceeded."

WIND FAILS THEM.

Dartmouth, Sept. 1.—The Vigilant and Satanita started this morning in the race for the Bay club prize over the triangular course from Dartmouth range southwest to a boat off Torcross, thence east to another mark boat and back to the starting point, three times around, a total distance of 42 miles. The weather was hazy with a light northeast wind blowing. Both yachts jibed across the line, the Vigilant at 10:30 10, and Satanita at 10:30 21. The Vigilant on rounding the Torcross mark was two minutes and four seconds ahead. The time of rounding Norcross was, Vigilant 1:18 23; Satanita 1:20 27. On this reach the Vigilant gained two minutes and 45 seconds. Both boats held in shore on the beat to the east, the Vigilant increasing her lead but ran into a calm on the eastward tack. There is now a possibility of a repetition of yesterday's failure to make a race of it. After rounding Norcross the Vigilant disappeared heading eastward for the second mark boat. After being out of sight an hour she bove in sight with a breeze from the west and made a close haul for the commodore's boat. The Satanita gave up the race and was taken in tow for home.

Brief Locals.

—Commencing to-night the Leander Baths will keep open until 9:30 o'clock at night.

—Bark Verajean with lumber for Alexandria, Egypt, was towed to sea yesterday.

—The government has promised to build a school house somewhere between Oak and Fowl bays.

—A Chautauqua Circle was organized last evening. As soon as the books arrive officers will be elected.

—The first general meeting and rehearsal of the amateur minstrels called for Monday night has been postponed until Tuesday evening owing to Monday being a holiday.

—The United States consulate was taken over this morning by General Roberts and it is now "Consul Roberts" and "Ex-Consul Myers." There was little or no formality about the change.

—H. Brackman returned on the noon train from Alberni. He considers that quartz mining in that district has good prospetes, having seen several samples of very good ore. There were a number of men in the district, most of them prospecting.

—The Nanaimo delegation called on Premier Davie last night and spent some time in consultation with him. They left for home this morning and while here seemed rather reticent as to the object of their visit. Premier Davie told a Times man this morning that there was no secret about it but beyond saying that they talked over Nanaimo district affairs did not unburden himself to any extent. "Nanaimo district affairs" is beautifully, artistically and rhetorically general.

—The schooner Wanderer has not been taken in custody by the customs authorities, but an officer has sinmply been placed aboard of her as is ordinarily done. The schooner is still in possession of the naval authorities and what will be done with her remains to be seen. A Times man called on Collector Milne this afternoon but that gentleman had nothing to say about the case. The offence of the vessel is not a serious one, it is doubtful if a case against her could be established after a hearing, and it may be that the admiral will order her release.

THE CHURCHES.

St. Paul's Presbyterian Church, Victoria West—Services at the usual hours. Rev. D. MacRae, pastor.

Victoria West—Rev. James Turner will conduct service at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school at 2:30 p.m.

Metropolitan Methodist church—Pulpit will be occupied by the pastor, Rev. S. Cleaver, M.A., at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school at 2:30 p.m.

Central—Presbyterian church, corner Kingston and Oswego streets, James Bay, Rev. P. McF. Macleod, pastor—Usual services throughout the day. At the evening service the sacrament of the Lord's supper will be observed, when 28 new members will be added to the church membership.

Church of Our Lord (R.E.), Humboldt street—Morning service 11 a.m., subject, "The rite of Confirmation;" evening service 7 p.m., subject, "Search the Scriptures." Preacher, Rev. G. C. King.

King's road Mission, corner of Third street—Usual services at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school at 3 p.m.

Centennial Methodist church, Rev. J. Hall, pastor—10 a.m., quarterly love feast; 11 a.m., "Genuine Christian Love," 2nd part; 7 p.m., "Obstacles to Salvation." Mr. R. G. Williams, the Welsh evangelist, will give some of his experiences of evangelistic work in the slums of New York, Philadelphia and Chicago at this service. At the close of the public service the sacrament of the Lord's supper will be administered.

St. Andrew's Presbyterian, pastor, Rev. W. L. Clay.—Public worship at 11 o'clock a.m. and 7 p.m. Sabbath school and pastor's Bible class at 2:30 p.m.

Calvary Baptist church—Sunday, Rev. Thos. Baldwin, the pastor, will conduct the regular services; 10:15 a.m., prayer in the parlor; 11 a.m., subject, "The first step;" 3 p.m., Sunday school; 6:30 p.m., young people's prayer meeting; 7 p.m., subject, "Is it true?" Thursday, 8 p.m., regular prayer meeting.

Mr. R. G. Williams, the Welsh evangelist, will deliver his renowned lecture, entitled "My Mother's Bible" or "I have kept my promise to my mother my God helping me," in the Y.M.C.A. hall on Sunday evening at 8 o'clock. A song service will precede the lecture. Mr. Williams is an old-time actor and played with Charles R. Thorne's company at the Howard Athenaeum in Boston in 1870, and with Edwin Booth in the old Chatham street theatre, New York. Subsequently he went into the hotel business.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

DIED.

GRAY—At his residence, Esquimalt, on the 30th instant, of cancer, Joseph Gray, a native of Dorsetshire, England, aged 66 years.

The funeral will take place on Sunday at 2:45 p.m. from the residence as above and at 3 o'clock at St. Paul's church, Esquimalt. Friends are invited to attend.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Danube from the North—Rev Ousterhout, Mr Spain, Fred Roscoe, J Gundison, J Parker, A Olsen and wife, Rev Ferguson, Mr Harris, M Stone, R Johnston, J Johnston, B Griffin, Geo Christy, F Rysted and wife, J Erickson, A Suffer, Misses Morrison, Geo Lucas, James Adams, S Norrie, E Carne, W Noble, Mrs Noble, W H Dempster, N Robertson, Miss McKibben, J Losse, R O'Connor, M Schultz, Mrs Kirkland, Miss Kirkland, Miss Nicholson, Mrs Hunt, Miss Hunt.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—M Wheeldon, Rev D D Porter, V M Mitchell, R Ito, Mrs L E Whitefield, Mrs W Becker, John Meyer, Jesse Meyers.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Danube from the North—Federation Brand Co, R P Rithet & Co, J Gundison, W Norris, H Bay Co, Langley & Co, Bell Irving & Co, Turner Beeton & Co, M Stone, F D & Brodie, Mr Mess, Mr Johnson, S Norrie, E Carne, Jas Adams, Mr McKenzie, W H Dempster, J Giscomb, A Noble, Wing Kee, Albion Iron Works, Yuen Lung, Simon Leiser, Hong Lee & Co, R Porter & Sons, Vic Brew Co, Ye Yick, R O'Connor, Bank of B C, T Earle.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—T Haughton & Co, G A Richardson & Co, M H Carmichael, F R Stewart, Aitken & Mowitt, S Leiser, J Leahy, P Metro, J Boscowitz.

The scrofulous taint which may have been in your blood for years, may be thoroughly expelled by giving Hood's Sarsaparilla a trial.

PERSONAL.

Allan Cameron left for Portland last night.

W. H. Dempster was a passenger by the Danube.

J. McGregor, M.P.P., of Nanaimo, is at the Oriental.

Rev. Ousterhout returned from the north this moning.

Thos. Ellis, of Penticton, and R. L. Cawston, of Keremeos, are at the Oriental.

Hon. D. W. and Mrs. Higgins leave next week for the east on a tour for pleasure.

Rev. J. H. White left for England this morning. He will journey east over the Northern Pacific.

Miss Smith, daughter of M. R. Smith, has just returned to Victoria after an absence of several years in Eastern Canada, where she has been engaged in the tudy of music. Miss Smith has gained high honors at the College of Music in Toronto.

The reputation of the maker ought to go far to recommend a trial of a new article. Our thirty years of public record as

makers of leading brands of tobaccos, is offered as a reason for your testing

MASTIFF PLUG CUT

J. B. PACE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

CASH....

We import direct, do business under small expense and sell at Rock Bottom Figures.....
Best Groceries, Agate Ware, Mason Preserve Jars, Oil Lamp Stoves, Etc.....
Cars of Hungarian Flour, Wheat and Middlings just arrived.....

WE QUOTE.....

Cellin's Hungarian Flour $4.50 per bbl.
Vancouver Gran. Sugar... $4.75 per cwt.
Wheat..... $1.25 per cwt.

Give us a call at 231 Douglas Street.

JOHNS BROS.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given pursuant to the "Trustees and Executors Act" that all persons having any claim against the estate of George Henry Babbage, deceased, late of H. M. S. Royal Arthur, who died at Esquimalt, B. C., on 10th June, 1894, and to whose estate William Harrison was on 18th August, inst., appointed administrator by the Supreme Court of British Columbia, are hereby required to send particulars of such claims to me on or before 20th November, 1894, after which date the assets of the said deceased will be disbursed amongst the persons entitled thereto, having regard to the claims of which notice shall have then been received.

Dated August 24th, 1894.

GEORGE W. CRASE,
16 Chancery Lane, Victoria, B.C.
Solicitor for above named administrator.
aug25-1mo

N.B. TRADE MARK THE VARNISHED BOARD ON WHICH THE GOODS ARE WRAPPED:—

Ladies Costumes

Ladies have a great deal of trouble in selecting dress goods. The variety is great. The quality is various and the merit claimed is sometimes more than the possession. When ladies are desirous of obtaining the finest grade of Black Dress Goods, they should ask to see Priestley's dress fabrics. These, as is well known, are the *ne plus ultra* of durability, beauty and delicacy of texture. They have long been the favorite dress goods of well dressed Englishwomen. The Americans prefer them to French goods. Canadian ladies can obtain them from reliable dealers. Ladies should always ask for Priestley's Dress Goods.

PRIESTLEY'S BLACK DRESS MATERIALS

2

PLUMS FOR PRESERVING
CRAB APPLES . . .
...All Local Growth.

FRUIT JARS AND
VANCOUVER SUGAR
...At Lowest Prices.

Erskine, Wall & Co
COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

Cheap Excursion
To the East!

PITTSBURGH AND RETURN - $65

On account of the Annual Encampment of the G. A. R. at Pittsburgh, Pa., the Canadian Pacific Railway are making a Round Trip Rate of $65 with return limit, west of St. Paul or Fort William of 60 days from date of sale; and east of St. Paul or Fort William, September 26. Tickets on sale September 1, 2 and 3. For full particulars apply at Canadian Pacific Railway office, corner Fort and Government streets.

GEORGE L. COURTNEY,
Agent C. P. Ry. Co.,
August3-tf Victoria, B. C.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

TO OWNERS OF REAL PROPERTY.

Tax notices have this day been posted to all parties assessed for Real Property in the City of Victoria. If not delivered at residence, please call at postoffice for same.

CHAS. KENT,
City Collector's Office, Collector.
City Hall, August 28, 1894. aug29-1m

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.
Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Tenders are required for the erection of Electric Power House for the City of Victoria. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the undersigned, with whom tenders must be deposited, by 4 p.m. on Monday, 10th September, 1894.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

J. C. M. KEITH,
Architect.

NOTICE.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 10th day of September next, for the erection of a shed on the Agricultural grounds.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the Buildings Inspector.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.
Victoria, B. C., August 31, 1894.

Butter!

Large consignments arriving weekly by refrigerator car.

J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
26 Yates Street.

NOTICE.

All persons having any accounts with the undersigned will please settle the same immediately. JOHN LEAHY.
Victoria, August 27. aug27-1w

Cash Grocery

Medium and Large
Sun Dried Cod Fish
and ....
Herrings . . . .
Direct From St. John, N. B.

R. H. JAMESON & CO.,
Red Front Store. 33 Fort St.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

REDUCED RATES!

Teeth Extracted - - - 50 cts
Children's Teeth - - - 25 cts
Plates - - - - - - - - $15.00

Also Fillings at Rates to Suit the Times.

A. A. HUMBER, D.D.S.
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College.
OFFICE: 93 1-2 Douglas Street, next to Oddfellows' Hall. aug18-tf

Surprising Reduction in Dentistry Charges.

What is the use of paying $15 for a rubber plate when you can get a gold one for a few dollars more.

We will for one month from this date make a reduction of 50 per cent in gold plates. This is simply to introduce a genuine 20k gold plate to the people of Victoria.

This plate will last a lifetime and will never require repairing. People will wonder how we can do it, and probably think that inferior workmanship will be done, but we wish to dissuade you of any such notion. Our idea is to make a plate to please the public and get them to try us; consequently we must give an inducement. We will not make any money on these plates, but will feel assured that every plate we make will bring us others. Remember the price will remain as stated for one month only from September 1st to October 1st.

Dr. Findley has charge of this branch and his ability as a mechanical dentist is too well-known to need further mention.

DRS. FINDLEY & BAKER.
OFFICE: 86 1-2 Government street, next to Bank of Montreal.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Laurentian	Sept. 15
Allan Line, Sardinian	Sept. 22
Dominion Line, Labrador	Sept. 15
Dominion Line, Mariposa	Sept. 22
Beaver Line, Lake Winnipeg	Sept. 12
Beaver Line, Lake Huron	Sept. 19

From New York.

Cunard Line, Etruria	Sept. 15
Cunard Line, Campania	Sept. 22
White Star Line, Germanic	Sept. 12
White Star Line, Teutonic	Sept. 19
American Line, Berlin	Sept. 12
American Line, New York	Sept. 19
North German Lloyd, Trave	Sept. 15
North German Lloyd, Havel	Sept. 18
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Sept. 15
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Sept. 22
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Sept. 14
Allan State Line, California	Sept. 28

N.B.—Steerage from $10 to $15.

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government streets.

NOTICE.

During my absence from the province Mr. Thomas Robert Smith, of the Temple Building, Fort street, Victoria, will hold my power of attorney with full authority to deal with my personal affairs.

ROBERT WARD.
Victoria, B. C., August 24th, 1894. a29-2w